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MIRIAM.

The Romance of Heatherleigh Hall.

By MANDA L. CROCKER.

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Patricia rose quietly and glanced at her sister-in-law, and seeing her eyes closed said, softly: "She is resting, poor darling." Then she went out, leaving her, as she thought, to a refreshing nap.

"Of course," she said to herself, with a bright blush of happiness. "Of course, Hollis will purchase Miriam's home if she wishes to dispose of it, but we would rather she would live with us instead of going to America."

And the little English girl glanced down on one dimpled hand, where a brilliant solitaire flashed in silent affirmative.

Miriam opened her eyes slowly. Patricia had gone down-stairs, and she was alone, alone in the sweet June twilight, with the music of the clear, evening bells, chorusing the deep bass of the sea, floating tenderly, softly around her. The plaintive song of Robin Adair came up from below, and she knew the old man with his bagpipes was making his rounds once more for "just wan ha'-penny, please." "Friendless and poor, perhaps sorrowful also," she murmured, leaning over the window ledge.

Yes; he was coming her way, and would stop just beneath her window, as usual. Poor old fellow; he aped the dress of the Highlander and doubtless thought the music of his bagpipes equal to any of Scott's minstrel melodies. Well, he was a sorry-looking minstrel of the degenerate latter days, to say the least.

There, what was that he was singing, in his rich Scotch brogue! Hark! the song had changed, and "Where my bonnie love lies sleeping" is what he essays in his quaint voice. She would go down and drop a penny in the withered palm.

"Why do you sing that sorrowful song, my friend?" questioned Miriam, opening the lower sash and recognizing in the dreamy light the picturesque garb of the aged man whom Arthur loved to hear sing.

The song ceased, and caressing his bagpipes with loving touch he made answer: "Ah! lady fair, sair is me heart for the bonnie love gone out of me life."

"Then your love is dead as well as mine," said Miriam, with a tremor of hopeless pain running through her words.

The quick ear of the man with the rusty-looking bagpipes noted the quaver of tears in her voice, and a sudden mist came between him and the world.

"Yes, me darling is dead," he replied, "but the gude God's will be done; I'm not the wan to be unhappy, ma'am, for wan glorious day I'll cross over where the music is finer, and I'll find her there."

He put his trembling fingers once more on his pipes, dropped his head and began:

"And where my love lies sleeping
The angels keep watch and ward."

"Don't! don't!" wailed Miriam, in a helpless tone, "you mean to comfort, no doubt, but you only wound afresh. I can not say with you that I am not unhappy,

"SHE IS RESTING, POOR DARLING."

for I am so miserable, so desolate, so crushed! He needs money for your comfort, if there be any comfort in it; but do not sing that song for me again, please."

She put a handful of shining silver pieces in the faded cap, and bidding him "good night," shut the window down gently and went upstairs.

"Bagpipes belong to the Scotchman, I know," she said to Patty on the stairs, "but they worry me to-night as much as if they were in the hands of unsophisticated Teddy McGlynn."

But Patricia knew that Miriam was trying to dissemble.

CHAPTER XII.

Six days slipped into months and years at the Hall. Sir Rupert Percival grew steadily more morose and discontented.

Harder and harder to please, he often found an occasion for causing the servants roundly for some trivial matter or imaginary dereliction. In short, the servants began to think their master's mind had weakened sadly since Miriam had gone.

Often, quite often, they could hear him walking about the dark, gloomy corridors far into the night, and mutter to himself of the absent daughter and of the dear, dead wife. Sometimes in his midnight marches they could hear him bemoaning the strange decree of cruel destiny that hung like a pall over Heatherleigh, and cursed his life with such relentless fate. And in their hearts they speculated and wondered where and how it would all end.

The weeks dragged; each successive week being a perfect counterpart of the preceding. Even the chapel bells in the distance sounded dirges for the sunny Sabbaths of merry old England, and the evening chimes came to the solemn doors like smothered moans over the couch of some dear, dead friend.

The dwellers of the country side kept aloof from the Hall, as if some sort of dark necromancy held sway beneath its ancient gables; they shrank from the presence of its aggravated and perplexed master with common consent, and pitied the servants imprisoned under his iron rule.

Occasionally the servants would steal away across the fields to their sympathizing neighbors for a social chat, and to air some new whim of their peculiar-minded master. But seldom did the servants' quarters at the Hall behold a visitor or the overjoyed inmates entertain a caller, for a superstitious fear of something uncanny and unexplainable kept them away.

Taken altogether life at Heatherleigh was other than enviable. Four years of this silent, aimless life at the Hall had gone the way of the sunsets, and once more the sad anniversary of Miriam's departure had dawned.

The inmates of the Hall had heard once from Miriam Percival Fairfax, and her husband, Arthur, had succeeded, so rumor had it, far beyond his most sanguine expectations, and now was a gentleman of wealth and much influence in the first circles of his city. But although the servants had a general time of rejoicing when the good news reached them, the aged father gave no sign of joy, or even gratification, over the very desirable good fortune.

Yet, strange to say, he did not venture a word of reprimand to check the flow of rejoicing, nor seem "put out" with their cheerful, happy faces and lightheartedness. The influence, rather, of their merry speeches and glad manner seemed to settle down over his irritableness in a sort of calm, soothing way that rendered his presence and commands more endurable. And it seemed, as old Peggy had said, that "the climax av his timper had been reached, praise the saints."

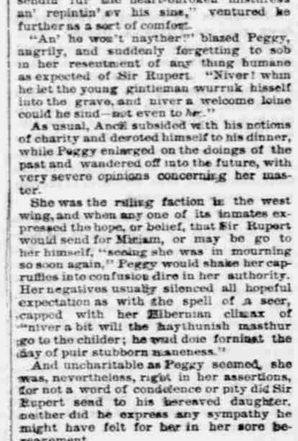
And now the fourth anniversary of the daughter's flight had dawned, and it had been quite a while since any news of her had been received at Heatherleigh.

Peggy Clarkson, faithful old soul, had been growing uneasy for some time, and had been praying to her patron saint "for news direct from the young misthress," when there came a vague rumor floating about the country side that the health of Arthur Fairfax had failed. Doubtless from overwork, they said, when an abundance was wasting at the flall.

"There's no livin' sowl aware how sure the gintlemon will dirap off and lave the swate childer comfortless," Peggy would say when a fresh rumor would reach them.

But on this eventful day John had gone to the city on an errand for Sir Rupert. The austere master had grown to trust John to transact many little affairs, which, although important enough, had become distasteful and irksome in his old days.

It was a little transaction of this kind which took John to the city on this memor-



SIR RUPERT BROKE THE BADGE OF DEATH.

able day. On his return he had sought Sir Rupert's apartments hurriedly, and handed him a letter with a black seal.

His master was lying on a couch, near the window, in the cold, uncertain light of the autumn afternoon. He turned wearily over toward the shimmering sunlight, and stared at the suggestive seal of black; then he said, hurriedly: "Pull the curtain aside, John." Then with trembling fingers Sir Rupert Percival broke the badge of death, and read the solitary line written in Miriam's fine, lady-like hand. Over and over the one single sentence he went, forgetful of John's presence. The servant would have gone down-stairs, as was his wont after delivering a message, but in this case his inquisitive anxiety overcame his manners, and he stood with hungry eyes fixed on the master's white, haggard-looking face, shrewdly guessing it was from the long-absent daughter, and trying to divine the contents of the epistle.

Presently the old man looked wearily, sadly from the letter to the anxious face bending over him, and said, as if measuring each word by its sorrowful meaning: "He is dead—Fairfax is dead, and Miriam is a widow." Then he turned his white face away in the shadow of the curtain, and motioned to John to dismiss.

"Miriam has written," said the tender-hearted John to the servants, as he wiped his eyes with his handkerchief. "Her husband is dead; yes, Arthur Fairfax is dead!"

A moan escaped the lips of the little group gathered about their lonely dinner at the close of this memorable day. "Poor Miriam," and John made another application of the handkerchief to hide the tears gathering in his honest eyes.

"An' it's dead ye say he is! Oh! this wurruld is full of throuble. Dead, an' not a parison to comfort the misthress. Oh! Oi expected it." And Peggy bowed her gray head on the table and wept aloud.

"Dead!" echoed Ancil, shaking his whitened locks as he knocked the ashes out of his pipe against the broad, hospitable jamb, and came over and sat down by his wife. "Ain't now the mother'll be a-thurstin' sendin' fur the heart-broken misthress an' repintin' av his sins," ventured he further as a sort of comfort.

"An' he won't naythur!" blazed Peggy, angrily, and suddenly forgetting to sob in her resentment of any thing humane as expected of Sir Rupert. "Niver! whin he let the young gintleman wurruk hisself into the grave, and niver a welcome lone could he find—not even for her."

As usual, Ancil subsided with his notions of charity and devoted himself to his dinner, while Peggy enlarged on the doings of the past and wandered off into the future, with very severe opinions concerning her master.

She was the ruling faction in the west wing, and when any one of its inmates expressed the hope, or belief, that Sir Rupert would send for Miriam, or may be go to her himself, "seeing she was in mourning so soon again," Peggy would shake her caprufflies into confusion dire in her authority. Her negatives usually silenced all hopeful expectation as with the spell of a seer, capped with her Hibernian climax of "niver a bit will the haythunish masthur go to the childer; he wud done fornist the day of puir stubborn naneness."

And uncharitable as Peggy seemed, she was, nevertheless, right in her assertions, for not a word of condolence or pity did Sir Rupert send to his bereaved daughter, neither did he express any sympathy he might have felt for her in her sore bereavement.

But Peggy, good old soul, sent a letter brimful of comfort and loving sympathy to the lonely-hearted Miriam, "unbeknowin' to the masthur," for, as she confided to John, who smuggled the missive in with the mail of the Hall, "he needn't think as how the whole wurruld is goin' to walk in the lolnes of his mane footsatheps." And so the long letter of condolence indicted to Miriam by the faithful Peggy was sent, and all the servants promised to keep it secret from the master. They never forgot his commands of four years ago, to never mention Miriam's name in his hearing, nor to appear concerned in her welfare for fear of his wrath. These orders they had never broken, with the exception of the time when they heard of Arthur Fairfax having gained in wealth and position. In keeping their thoughts far from the master's ken they had "grown wise as serpents and harmless as doves."

Some weeks after the cuckoo had sounded its note along the sunny hedges and told the pleasant story that spring had come, there fell another memorable day to the Hall.

All winter long the inmates of Heatherleigh had lived in utter seclusion from the merry outside world and catered patiently to the whims of Sir Rupert. And when the snows vanished from park and lawn, and the dry alder leaves whirled sorrowfully into odd corners at sight of budding life, and the dark-budded elms bowed gently to the great English ivy which had been clutching with naked arms at the weather-stained facade and dreary dormer windows in their wealth of bursting new life, there came a break in the routine.

Up the long silent avenue came, winding slowly as if in fear of intrusion, a close carriage. Sir Rupert was in his own apartments, and the servants were lolling listlessly about the grounds, when the sound of wheels came to their ears. They started up with beating hearts as the welcome break in the monotony dawned on them, and an exclamation of surprise burst involuntarily from their lips while they came together on the flagging as if by magic, and gazed at the carriage and into each other's faces in an inquiring, mystified way.

When the carriage stopped at the front entrance a lady dressed in deep mourning alighted, and leading a bright little child slowly along over the flags, she came toward them. And when quite near she threw back her black vail revealing a very sad, but familiar face. It was Miriam; Miriam, the lost-lost daughter.

"Oh, blissed Vargin, an' it's none other than the young misthress, the swate little leddy herself. An' she's a bringin' the angel of a darlin' b'y with her." And the excited tragical old housekeeper rushed toward Miriam, with the overjoyed group in her wake.

Sir Rupert looked from his window. He had wakened from his drowsy, listless dreaming he so much indulged in, and heard the unusual stir below. And, hurrying to the pane, he was just in time to see and hear the tumultuous greeting of the servants. It was some minutes, however, before he could make out who it was that had come and raised such an unearthly hubbub among the generally well-behaved inmates of the hall.

CHAPTER XIII.

Drawing aside the heavy curtain he silently watched the animated group below. A wondering expression taking the place of the usual sullen demeanor was soon supplanted by one of recognition. Then a pleased, happy light so foreign to him dawned in those hard, cruel gray eyes as they rested on the crape-clad figure of Miriam and then on the fair child now in her arms.

And, doubtless, the angel of love, poising on white wings above the gray-haired father, was waiting to catch the first syllable of endearing forgiveness; but the light died out in his face, and no word of affection had escaped the thin lips, although they worked convulsively in their struggle against the better prompting. In a moment more the victory in favor of cruel harduess of heart had been won, and the uncompromising lines settled back around the firm mouth, and the spirit of his accursed ancestor swayed Sir Rupert with its evil power.

Hurrying down the long flight of stairs as fast as his aged limbs would carry him, he reached the great hall door just before the daughter essayed to cross the flagged pavement in front.

Miriam looked up and saw her father standing there; but oh! how changed, how frail and white-haired he had grown since—since. Ah! well, how careworn his face, but—he was still angry. Her heart sank like lead at sight of the stern, repulsive look on his countenance, but she said in a wistful, piteous way: "There is father." But the glad light of recognition which had leaped to her sweet eyes and had tinged the fine face with a little flush of happy light died out suddenly, leaving it paler by contrast, for no answering gladness of heart reflected in response on the paternal brow.

"Begone! begone!" he shouted, as Miriam made a move toward him. "Don't come near me unless you beg my pardon, my forgiveness; unless you can do that, don't come near me, I say!"

His angry face was startling and pitiful in the extreme to see, framed in by the long, white, silken locks that swept his shoulders.

He was clinging to a pillar now, as she gazed at him, with his left hand and arm, and waving his children imperiously off with his right.

Miriam put down the wondering child on the paved walk and stretched out her arms toward her father impulsively, while a strange light crept into her proud face.

"Father!" cried she, deprecatingly. The aged face, despite its angry expression, had touched a long-silent tender chord of affection in the heart of the woman so sadly estranged from paternal love, and with conflicting emotions she uttered the endearing name.

For a moment Sir Rupert's face lost the hard lines; it was evident a long-silent chord of his heart was also touched, and he

"BEGONE! BEGONE!" HE SHOUTED.

turned away, hiding his head behind a column, lest any should see the conflict waging between love and pride.

Miriam made a step forward hoping—she could hardly have told for what. Her footfall aroused Sir Rupert, and with a desperateness born of Satan he fell back on the evil in his soul, ever sufficient to the emergency, and faced the group once more. Miriam passed; was there reconciliation beaming on that paternal face? No.

"Don't come near me; don't call me *that*," he cried, vehemently; "don't call me 'father' after—after—"

His voice failed him, and he clung to the column nearest him for support, looking the defiance he could not utter from sheer exhaustion.

The little group on the flags were silent and almost terror-stricken at the fury of the old man.

"I have gone far enough, it seems," said Miriam, after a long silence, in a choking voice. Then in an undertone she continued talking, partly to herself and partly to the white-faced group around her:

"Father will not forgive me unless I *beg* for the boon, and that, of course, I shall never do. I had thought to come back to Heatherleigh if Sir Rupert cared to have me do so, and had fondly dreamt of making his remaining days pleasant, if I could. But to beg admittance to the accursed doors that never had but frowns for me is more than a child of the Percivals will ever do. I shall never grovel in the dust for love—rather the hatred."

A wave of proud, cold defiance swept her pale face for a moment and the fine eyes kindled with an angry, insulted expression.

The child, frightened at the loud tones and angry imprecations and gestures of his irate grandfather, sought his mother's eyes with a troubled look on its dimpled face, only to see a sternness there that chilled his trusting heart with childish terror. Hiding his perturbed, frightened eyes in the folds of his mother's gown he was ready to cry.

"You swate little darlint," moaned Peggy, kneeling down beside him. "An' ye don't know at all how mane the wurruld kin be whin it tries, me pet; an' its yer haythunish gran'fayther that moight be so proud of ye if the divil hadn't such a theribie hold of his hard old heart."

The child turned quickly, seeming to understand by intuition that a great wave of sympathetic love was setting in toward him, and in a trice he had thrown his dimpled arms around the neck of the demonstrative Peggy. Putting his fair, baby cheek up lovingly against that of the housekeeper, he began cooing and caressing her old face in the appreciative love of his tender little heart.

Peggy's warm soul could stand no more, and, clasping the fatherless innocent to her great heart, she burst into tears.

"Never mind, Peggy," Miriam said in a tender, soothing tone, putting her hand lovingly on the gray hairs of the bowed head. "We all know just how it is, except baby," she continued in a low, confidential tone, in order that Sir Rupert, who still stood looking at them, might not hear. "Yes, yes, we all know, and I trust there is no one hurt very much by this show of hostility on Sir Rupert's part. Peggy, you are grieved, but I should not shed a tear if I were in your place. It is not worth the while, as by so doing you can not remedy the matter. See! I am calm enough, Peggy; take pattern from my tearless face."

Clarkson raised her tearful face and searched the eyes of her long-lost mistress bent kindly on her.

What did she see in those clear, dark depths? Beyond the haunting sorrow of her great bereavement there smoldered the old, proud, willful, unrelenting spirit. Yes, it always had been, always would be in spite of death, sorrow and the grave, shaft for shaft with father and daughter. Sword to sword when a Percival aroused the evil in one of their own blood had been a saying, and Peggy remembered it plainly now. The vengeful fire in the eyes of Miriam confirmed the truth of the adage, and promised baiefully that the breach existing could never be healed. Truly the woman was not much changed from the proud, rebellious child in its nurse's arms.

Miriam read the innermost thoughts of poor, simple-hearted Peggy in that momentary upward gaze.

"You are startled, taken aback, Clarkson, by my heartless coolness after my long absence; but think a moment, Peggy: what have I lost *here*, beside my sainted mother? I have not misused any paternal confidence nor crushed any fatherly affection, having never been the recipient of that much-to-be-desired blessing. Surely I have lost nothing and am none the less miserable for my independence to-day.

"I have forfeited my right to Heatherleigh, it is true, but with me that is a minor matter.

"If father will not receive us, baby and I, because of the name we bear, why all reconciliation is at an end at once, as I shall not beg forgiveness for imaginary sins and to please Sir Rupert's love of authority. Never!"

The shapely hand covered with its black glove clenched itself in defiance, and the hot blood of vexation and inherent dislike surged up to the smooth white brow and burned in roses on either cheek. A silence as of the grave fell over them as she ceased speaking, for the housekeeper could find no words for reply in the face of such an impassioned outburst, because of its truth.

The irate father still stood silently regarding his children while leaning on the column for aid. Not a muscle of his face moved, but he was thinking, nevertheless. A sweet, pleading face of one long since dead seemed to come before him and petition in its old, tender way for reconciliation and atoning love. And a strange mist obscured his vision; somehow the womanly daughter out there, by her presence, drew his soul toward her in spite of all he could do. Oh! God, that this chasm of bitterness existed between them. If she, his daughter Miriam, would only call across the years to him again, and reach out her arms in that yearning way, why, he could not repulse her again; the spirit would be crushed, and peace would brood white-winged over Heatherleigh.

But Miriam did not call.

"I must be going now," she said. "I had promised myself a somewhat different greeting from Heatherleigh's shadowy doors, why, I hardly know, but never mind, that is all over now. I fear, however, this day's doings will sit much harder on father than it will on me. Good-bye, Peggy; good-bye, Ancil, James, and all; an affectionate good-bye."

She finished in a softened, subdued tone as she gave her hand to each in parting.

"She is a Percival to the very center of her proud soul," murmured John to his fellows, almost gladly. Somehow he felt happy to find that Sir Rupert could be withstood and ignored in his commands of submission, and that, too, by one of his own house.

Miriam took her little son in her arms, and called across the intervening space in a clear, unhesitating tone: "Good-bye, father—a long good-bye!"

Little Arthur, following his mother's example, stretched out his little arms toward the frail, tottering form in the doorway and piped in clear, bird-like tones: "Dood-bye to 'oo, dood-bye; lon' dood-bye!"

When his children's voices floated melodiously to him in those sweet yet sad, sad words, Sir Rupert made no reply. But what his thoughts were, who could say?

Silent and wordless he stood, gazing after the retreating forms of his hapless children; his beautiful, bereaved daughter and the innocent little grandchild, with its long, bright curls flying in the sweet spring wind. Would he ever see them again? He did not know. Oh! yes, he felt that he did know; he was certain that he never would. And—

Peggy broke in on his sorrowful reverie by throwing herself at his feet and wailing: "Oh! masthur, masthur, call her back. Oh! masthur, do, Oi beg!"

She had rushed forward and knelt at his side on the steps, forgetful of the angry demonstrations she had just witnessed. She was only thinking that she must lose, forever, perhaps, her beloved Miriam. And, in her despair, she feared nothing of word or deed from Sir Rupert.

But instead of replying with a torrent of invectives showered on her devoted head, as all the dumbfounded servants expected, Sir Rupert turned away from the kneeling housekeeper with a gesture of weariness, vouchsafing not a word in response to her appeal. A moment of hesitancy, and he went in, shutting the door softly after him; then, slowly and painfully, he went sadly up to his rooms and their solitude. There was a strange mistiness about the stairways and a deeper shadow in the corridors as he passed to his apartments. The very shades of death seemed to gather around him as he turned the door-handle and went in.

CHAPTER XIV.

The heart-sick and mystified servants stood speechlessly looking after the carriage until the trees of the winding avenue shut it from their fearful vision.

A bird, high up in the budding branches, broke forth into rapturous song as the carriage passed slowly in the flickering light and woven shadows beneath.

Miriam put a very white face out of the carriage side and took a farewell inventory of the scene.

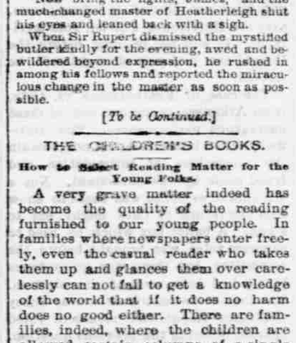
An air of neglect had begun to tell on the once handsome drive; dead twigs were scattered about, heaps of brown leaves ensconced themselves at the foot of the row of stately elms, while the fugitives drifted about over the greening sward. Here and there, however, an early spring flower lifted its smiling face along the unused way, and the bird still sang on.

"Ah! well, sing on, little harbinger of bright hours and fair weather," murmured Miriam, with white lips and brimming eyes.

The brave, daring spirit of a few minutes previous had been supplanted now by the womanly impulses of her heart.

"Good-bye, good-bye!" came in sad accents as she passed under the arch of the outer gate, spanned by two bronze lions, divided up their opinions in blessings and curses, according to their individual views.

That evening when James stole softly up to the master's apartments with a tray of tempting delicacies which Maria, the cook, had prepared for Sir Rupert's late dinner, the while she wished she might put "a wee bit of suthin' in it," he found his master so changed; silent and taciturn as of late, to be sure, but with such a gentleness of tone and manner as he had never witnessed in a Percival during all his faithful years at the Hall. The bewildered butler rubbed his astonished eyes to see if he were really awake. He had read in old legends of crusty, miserable individuals being spirited away after some crowning act of devilry



"GOOD-BYE, FATHER; A LONG GOOD-BYE."

stretching their magnificent lengths across the way.

"Drive to Oak Lawn," she said to the solemn-looking lad in front, who had felt a great lump in his throat through it all, and was ready to mingle his tears with those of "the sorrowful lady inside" at the word. Then she leaned back against the cushions and covered her tear-stained face with the crape of the heavy vail she wore.

A sadder company never gathered in the servants' quarters beneath the frowning gables of Heatherleigh than assembled there that evening after Miriam's coming and sorrowful going.

The old housekeeper was angry with herself, and called on venerable St. Peter to witness if she would "iver knale to the lolkes of him again;" no! "not to save her sowl from purgatory wud she ask a thing." Ancil smoked his pipe in the chimney corner, grave and thoughtful, while the rest by goblins, and milder persons sent to breathe peace in their stead, and may be—well, may be—

But no; it was really Sir Rupert, but transformed during the last few hours in the solitude of his lonely rooms into a passive, mild-mannered gentleman, whom to serve would be his soul's delight henceforth.

"James, you may replenish the coals and wheel my chair a little nearer the grate, if you please; it seems rather cool in here notwithstanding it is spring-time."

What a long, friendly speech, and to a servant at that! And he had said "please—*if you please!*" Such a surprise from such a source almost turned the brain of the dumbfounded butler. He never obeyed orders more readily in his life, and he almost held his breath for fear the spell might be broken and the austere old master might be dropped again before the fire, thus bitterly ending this delightful illusion.

The coals glowed anew in the grate, the easy-chair gilded noiselessly to the most cheerful corner, where the light shot little ruddy gleams through the shadows, and happy-hearted James felt as if some good fairy had condescended to wave her magic wand over his lucky crown for all time.

"Now bring the lights, James," and the much-changed master of Heatherleigh shut his eyes and leaned back with a sigh.

When Sir Rupert dismissed the mystified butler kindly for the evening, awed and bewildered beyond expression, he rushed in among his fellows and reported the miraculous change in the master as soon as possible.

[To be Continued.]

THE CHILDREN'S BOOKS.

How to Select Reading Matter for the Young Folks.

A very grave matter indeed has become the quality of the reading furnished to our young people. In families where newspapers enter freely, even the casual reader who takes them up and glances them over carelessly can not fail to get a knowledge of the world that if it does no harm does no good either. There are families, indeed, where the children are allowed certain columns of a single paper only, but such prohibition is often as dangerous as its opposite. A notion prevails in many minds that the young must have reading furnished to them where the subject has been written down to their comprehension, forgetting that all our growth comes from struggle upward, and that it is really a great deal better after the taste for reading has been once formed to have the book or the subject just one degree advanced beyond the moment's taste or fancy. Much of the formation of taste in this matter devolves upon the mother, the aunt, the elder sister; and if they see to it that models of purity and wholesomeness are presented and observed, rather than those which are debilitating to the mental fiber, and thus noxious, a habit will be formed that in time will instinctively reject all that is not distinctively ennobling, and does not feed the better portion of the mind and nature. Puerilities are much in vogue to-day; but their influence is vicious because it is weakening, and in so much degrading. Children can be trained to care as much for one of Parkman's histories, with all its tale of daring and doing, as for any paper-covered story of a cowboy's adventures; as much for the Midsummer Night's Dream, with its wit and poetry and pathos and music, as for any tawdry story in which boy and girl love has part; as much for the sounding sentences of the Old Testament and of Ossian as for any senseless jingle; and while they will derive now as much pleasure from one as from the other, and eventually more, the better kind will give pleasure on a loftier plane, and will cause the mind to reach up instead of down. It is high time that the heads of families looked into this subject in some measure, especially since the eager mind of childhood must be fed, and will devour whatever comes in its way if nothing is furnished it with design. Such oversight is not so easy a task that it can be despised as too trivial to be undertaken, for in the myriad of publications for children and those just escaping childhood it is a serious effort to keep *au courant;* and so doubtful is the character of many of them, if not as to intention, yet as injurious quality without intention, that in the supervision one has to become acquainted with a mass of rubbish in order to eliminate it, and finds it a work of time and thought not always

BORING A CANNON.

Work That Requires Considerable Care and Unlimited Patience.

At last the cannon is turned down, and is ready to be bored inside. In this operation it must be bored so stra

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, - - MARCH 14, 1890.

THE Republic in Brazil seems to be on a very uncertain foundation.

A citizen of Indianapolis recently called at the White house. "Mr. Harrison can't be seen to-day," he was told. "I suspected as much," was his answer. "He has grown too small."

THE Republicans in Congress, under the guidance of Speaker Reed are establishing some very bad precedents for the Democrats to follow when our turn comes. They will make some frightful grimaces when they have to swallow their own medicine.

EX-CONGRESSMAN W. P TAULBEE, of Kentucky, who was shot in the head by Charles E. Kincaid, at Washington on Friday, February 28th, died at the hospital in Washington on Tuesday last. Kincaid who was out on bail was re-arrested and is now in prison.

APPEARANCES indicate that the United States, leading England, will become in 1890 the greatest iron-producing country in the world. The "pig" produced in 1889 was above eight and a half million tons, an increase of nearly a million and a quarter tons over the previous year, and the largest product we ever had. Pennsylvania is still the first iron-producing State, with Ohio second and Alabama third.

ROBERT G. BLAINE, brother of Secretary Blaine, who has for some years had the office of a curator of the Department of Agriculture, has been appointed by Secretary Rusk superintendent of the quarantine stations under the bureau of animal industry. The principal duties attached to his new position is that of drawing the salary, which it is said Mr. Blaine can do with as much ability as any other man in the United States. It runs in the family.

THE Republican organization, says the Chicago *Herald* includes within it the fanatics, bigots and extremists of the communities, the Pharisees, who are of the I-am-holier-than-thou class, and who, when in the church, are intolerant and disposed to persecute all who differ from them. They are the descendants, in moral lines, of the men who hung Quakers and Babtists and witches, and who to-day, if they had the power, would employ the fagot, the halter and the lash to extirpate Democrats and to crush out any other thing which dared to differ from them.

THE fate of the Panama Canal shows that, although money is the first requisite in engineering works, there are other requisites. It is almost impossible to say what the ultimate fate, of the Panama project will be, but it is quite possible that the Commission now sent out to examine the canal as far as it is made, and to report on the feasibility of its completion, may advise that the original design might be realized, and it is just possible that France might raise the necessary money; but, considering that the preliminary work of the Nicaragua Canal is now well in hand, it does not appear likely.

AMONG the 927 immigrants who landed at Castle Garden on Tuesday from the North German Lloyd steamship Eider were at least 600 swarthy, lusty-limbed Hungarians, whose destination; according to their own testimony, and, what is more conclusive, their railroad tickets, is the Pennsylvania coal mines in the neighborhood of Pittsburg. The Government inspectors were unable to find out whether any of the Hungarian horde came here under contract, although there is little doubt in the minds of those who are familiar with the landing of immigrants that such is the fact.

A COLUMBUS (O.) despatch says that on Monday evening Senator John A. Buchanan, of New Philadelphia, introduced a bill in the State Senate to elect Presidential electors by Congress districts. Should such a law be enacted, and it should not be declared unconstitutional, the Democrats of Ohio would, under the recent apportionment of the State, surely elect fifteen of the twenty-three Presidential electors in 1892. Following are the main points of the bill: "There shall be two electors for President and Vice President chosen at large by the voters of the State of Ohio, and the two persons who are candidates for said offices having the highest number of votes shall be declared elected. There shall be one elector for President and Vice President chosen by the voters in each Congress district of Ohio as defined by law, and the person who is a candidate for said office receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared elected."

HON. ROBERT P. PORTER, Superintendent of the Census, says that the present will be the quickest census ever taken. "This," he said, "is no disparagement to the work of Superintendent Walker in the census of 1880, for I have the benefit of all his methods and experiences. Within twenty days I shall commence searching the records of every county in the United States for the statistics upon home, farm and property mortgages, which Congress made a special feature of the present census. The census must be taken between June 1 and 30. So far our organization is as nearly perfect as it can be made. It now rests entirely with the supervisors of districts to carry out their instructions, and I see no reason why their work should not all be done in the time alloted. In regard to the statistics I believe that within twenty days after the completion of the taking of the census—that is, the latter part of July—we shall be able to give almost absolutely accurate statistics in most of the departments.

THE owners of the silver mines in the West want the Government to keep up the price of silver by buying up a large amount every month and holding it. On the same principle it would be a good idea for the Government to buy up all the surplus wheat, corn and other farm products, thereby preventing the price from going down and maintaining a fixed price for all the marketable produce of a large class of its best citizens. The farmers are now taxed to keep up the miners and manufacturers and why not tax the miners and manufacturers to keep up the farmers. Then, working on the same theory, if the Government would give a bounty to every consumer it would equalize taxation and make us all rich. But for some reason protection does not work on general principles and the more you examine into it the worse it appears. To protect one class you must rob many, and when you attempt to apply protection's benificent principles to the masses who deserve protection you cannot do it for the reason that some class must be robbed, and to attempt to rob the few for the benefit of the many, the few would soon fail, and there would be none left to steal from. The farmers are too numerous for the Government to undertake to raise them with a bottle and as a consequence, are weaned early and left to take care of themselves. They have submitted long and patiently to the protection theory but they will eventually learn that they can be robbed in other ways than that of being knocked down with a club and having their pocket books taken.

A MOVEMENT is on foot among the Republicans of Pennsylvania to form an anti-Quay combine, force the boss to weaken on Delamater, his gubernatorial candidate and withdraw him from the field. Quay has the Republican forces in the State well in hand and can nominate Delamater if he wishes, but there are signs of a storm a brewing and he may be compelled to haul in his sails before the storm breaks. It is rumored that Calvin Wells, of the Philadelphia *Press* and George W. Childs, of the Philadelphia *Ledger*, along with other influential Republicans in that city are ready to revolt against Quay's domineering dictation, while all over the State are to be found signs of an under current of hostility to any longer wearing the Quay collar. In the western part of the State, a number of prominent members of the party are out openly against the nomination of Delamater on account of his subserviency to Quay, claiming that his nomination will be a disgrace to the party and lead to its certain downfall. It is daily growing more evident that the Republican party in Pennsylvania, is on the verge of a family fight and that the only prospect for maintaining peace lies in the possibility of forcing Quay to pull off Delamater as a candidate and leave the party free to make a nomination. Such an event would be a great relief to Messrs. Barker and Swank, the delegates from this county, who at present cannot let go to spit on their hands and are constantly admonished that their grip is slipping.

THE process of unseating Democratic members of Congress and putting Republicans not elected in their places, says the Harrisburg *Patriot*, goes merily on. It will not be long before the Republican majority of eight will be trebled.

The case of Featherstone vs. Cate, from Arkansas, is the last one of these outrageous performances. The testimony taken in the case did not sustain the allegations of intimidation and fraud made by the contestant. Not a scintilla of evidence was there to show that the return of Cate ought not to stand. A ballot box which he used to suppress votes was brought before the committee, but there was no evidence that it had been used at the election. The case of the contestant was so flimsy that four Republican members voted against ordering the previous question. The majority for Cate, Democrat, was 1,348, but if it had been 13,348 a Congress which has the gall to follow a political hound like Thomas B. Reed would not have hesitated to unseat him.

It is a very pretty crop, indeed, that the present Republican leaders are sowing. It will spring up and bear fruit, in good time, never fear! The whirligig of politics always has its revenge.

SOME very notable figures have been compiled by the *Financial Chronicle* showing the general results of the operations of the railroads of the country in 1889. Reports have been received from 154 roads, operating 12,046 miles, whose earnings aggregated $856,478,510 and net $288,273,682. This is a gain of $42,865,020 in gross over 1888, more than three quarters of which was net gain. In other words, the improvement in gross earnings was 5½ per cent, while in net it was over 12½ per cent.

This generally favorable exhibit for 1889 is supplemented by reports for January, 1890, which are equally encouraging and gratifying. Reports from 154 roads for that month show over 13 per cent. gain in gross earnings over the correspondings month of 1889. The reports for February are likewise surprisingly good. For the first week, 86, roads showed a gain of over 13 per cent., for the second week 84 roads gained over 11 per cent., and for the third week 51 roads increased over 15½ per cent—the largest percentage of any week of the year thus far.

THE *Engineering News* says that the work of railway extension during the coming season promises more activity than in any year since 1887. The summary of the various enterprises shows 5,138 miles of railway partially completed or in process of construction, 7,041 miles surveyed or under survey, and 2,831 miles of line not yet surveyed, but whose projectors are pushing them with such energy that the prospect seems fair for the beginning of active work before the close of the year. this makes a total of 14,910 miles of lines in the United States which have a prospect of being completed or placed under construction before the close of the year.

Coming Home to Roost.

The Republicans of the house—at least that portion of them who don't believe in log rolling and pork barrels—had an object lesson the other day of the big avenue and easy-going ways Speaker Reed's new rules open to the public treasury. It was in the public buildings loot, and there are said to be $35,000,000 in the pot. Cannon and Peters, two members of the committee on appropriations, protested vehemently, but five jobs, appropriating a million and a half, went through despite their opposition. The combination of members who want 140 new buildings was too strong. Mr. Cannon is on the commitee on rules, and was one of the loudest supporters of Speaker Reed's theory of counting a quorum. He was the first to take the floor to sustain his dictatorial rulings before there were any rules and a leader in defending the quorum rule and the rule against dilatory motions when they were reported, but he seemed on Thursday, when the public building pork barrel was opened, to think he was back under the old system with the judicial gavel of speaker Carlisle to secure him his rights as a member. When one of the worst bills was reached he moved to adjourn—a purely dilatory motion, which the Democrats were quick to characterize as such, with a keen enjoyment of the ludicrous attitude in which the Republican leader found himself. The vote on the bill showed no quorum voting. Mr. Cannon raised the point of "no quorum," but the speaker cooly counted a quorum and Mr. Cannon was helpless.

This public building combine is one of a number that are so strong that they can only be successfully reached under the methods of the old rules, requiring a quorum to appear on the record. Many members who are opposed to the log rolling have not the courage for local reasons to vote openly against the wasteful appropriations, especially as they could accomplish their purpose by refraining from voting. But the public building "combine" is very strong, and the new rules are admirably framed to carry out Mr. Reed's theory that "the object of a parliamentary body is action, and not stoppage of action." The House has not made much progress in general legislation, because it has been engaged in seating contestants in the place of Democratic members, but the whirr of the wheels of the legislative machinery in grinding out appropriations for local purposes and class interests is becoming so deafening that it is alarming even some of those who set it in motion.—*Pittsburg Post.*

Gambling in Ice.

The condition of the ice crop in the upper Hudson River region is a matter of serious concern to dealers who have already made their contracts, at extremely high figures, with producers on the Kennebec and elsewhere in the East.

Cheap ice from northern New York means disaster to a great many speculators who have proceeded in the belief that March would be as open a month as was January or February.

The ice in Lake Champlain, for instance, is from nine to fifteen inches thick. The *Press and Knickerbocker* reports that within two weeks fifty-seven new ice houses, and as many more ice stacks, have been built at the lake, report in detail ice housed or stacked or contracted for amounting altogether to from eight hundred thousand to a million tons.

The lake and neighboring ponds are a scene of feverish activity just now. Politicians and farmers and clergymen are competing for the ice harvest, and everybody else who has a dollar to invest is putting it into frozen water.

The temperature of the week that begins (Monday) will make or unmake a great many fortunes.—*N. Y. Sun.*

Would Embarrass Harrison.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., March 10.—At the convention to-day of the State pension association Harrison and the Republican pension policy were roundly denounced. Colonel Tom Bennett of Richmond was particularly severe upon the administration's backwardness in passing a service pension law. He related how he had introduced resolutions at a Republican Convention, and how Secretary Halford had beseeched him to withdraw them, as they would embarrass Harrison's campaign for the Chicago nomination. He concluded by saying he would not hesitate now, if he had the opportunity, to embarrass Mr. Harrison's administration. He concluded by saying: "I hope this administration will give us justice. If not, we will give it justice."

A. P. Powers, treasurer of the association and an old dyed-in-the-wool Republican, was also very outspoken. He said Indiana was getting more individual pensions than any other State, but it was because the State was close. "A mere trick of the administration," he said. "We are tired of this d—fool policy."

Walked in Her Sleep.

Miss Mary Case, an opera singer, living at No. 21 Great Jones street New York, is a somnambulist, and that fact was brought home to her in a startling manner early on Tuesday morning by Policeman Stuart of West Thirtieth street station. While on post, shortly before daybreak he saw an uncanny looking figure, clothed in white, standing at the ladies entrance to the Fifth Avenue Hotel. At first the thought of "ghost" flashed across his mind, but in going nearer he discovered Miss Case, clad only in a nightdress. The woman stared so vacantly that he knew she was asleep, so he touched her on the shoulder and asked what business she had there.

Miss Case awakened with a start, and on seeing her predicament fell at the policeman's feet. Then she became rational and accompained him to the station. There she was given proper clothing, and told the Sergeant she remembered nothing since retiring to her own room the night before. Afterward she was escorted to her residence.

A Terrible Power.

"THE Speaker counted a quorum and the bill was passed." What bill? Not a political bill; not a party measure. But the bill in question was for an appropriation from the public treasury. It was the entering wedge, the sharp edge to open the way for extravagances which now foot up $1,610,000,000 of appropriations in sight, with a train behind it which no man can estimate. In the hundreds of millions sought for by grasping interests lurks a terrible temptation for the Speaker who can count a quorum.—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

King Humbert's cable despatch to Brazil announcing the death of the Duke d' Aosta cost $2 784.

A Safe Investment.

Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from our advertised Druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used, for any affection of Throat, Lungs or Chest, such as Consumption, Inflammation of Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, etc., etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe, and can always be depended upon. Trial bottles free at E. James', Ebensburg, and W. W. McAteer, Loretto.

A Brief Record of a Great Conspiracy.

Montana, at its initial State election, chose a Democratic Governor and Legislature as re urned by the officials of the various localities immediately after the voting.

When it was discovered that the Senate was equally divided, a plot was contrived to convert the Democratic majority in the House into a Republican majority, in order to secure two Republican United States Senators. The son of the President and other Republicans influential with the Federal Administration were among the early abettors of this scheme, the method of which was to change the representation of a county by throwing out the vote of a strongly Democratic precinct.

The attempt to impeach the correctness of the returns in the Tunnel Precinct of Silver Bow County failed so utterly as, in truth, to establish the opposite of the Republican pretense and to prove that the vote was correctly counted as honestly cast. This was judicially established in a case tried in the new State Court, in which, notwithstanding the Republicans' expectation that the decision would be in their favor through partisan bias, a local official was sustained in place on the ground that the Democratic vote of Silver Bow—the same by which the Legislators were chosen—was in all respects legitimate and accurate. In point of fact no one seriously pretends that the Republicans carried the county or that the voters of Montana did not choose a Democratic majority for the popular branch of the Legislature.

The Republicans who ask admittance to the United States Senate as from Montana, notwithstanding the certification of the Governor that they have no just or legal claim, rest their case absolutely upon the assertion of the patent falsehood that the Legislature was Republican on joint ballot. These pretensions have no other foundation whatever than this notorious and judicially branded falsification.

In the face of this record, and without consideration of the suggestion that the matter be tested by another vote at the election of this year, the Republican majority of the Committee on Privileges and Elections has voted to award the two seats for the State to the fradulent Republican claimants. The Committee guilty of this unmitigated outrage against law, truth, justice and popular rights is appropriately headed by Hoar of Massachusetts, the inventor of the Great National Gerrymander. The question is whether there are enough fair, clear minded and honest Republican Senators to antagonize and defeat this disgraceful recommendation.—*N. Y. Star.*

Hayti in hot Water.

Sooner or later the Haytian Republic will be in trouble again. The war which ended a few month ago in the victory of Hippolyte did not mend the abuses which have made Hayti an arena for revolutions since the end of the last century. The only hope apparently for Hayti is that she may pass into the hands of some strong Government able and willing to rule with justice and for Hayti's real interests. That the Haytian blacks are unable to govern themselves has been proven very clearly since they began to try to do so.

This is not entirely the fault of the African population, who are descended from the slaves imported by the Spaniards at the opening of the sixteenth century, to take the place of the two million of aborigines whom Columbus found there and civilization wiped out of existence. Hayti's history tells of nothing but the cruelty, rapacity and senselessness of the Spaniards, French and English, who in turn held the island. It was simply a haven for adventurers until the colored population, inspired by the French Revolution threw off the bonds of slavery. In 1804 Hayti was for the first time an independent State, a privilege gained after much bloodshed. Republic, kingdoms dictatorships and every variety of form of government, have flourished in Hayti for longer or shorter, principally shorter, periods during the last ninety years. Most of the rulers have met violent ends, the assassin's knife is still a great deal more powerful there than the ballot box. Hippolyte stands very little chance of escaping the fate of most of his predecessors. The Haytians are content to take a revolution when it comes as a natural product of their luxuriant land. Nature is so bounteous in that tropical region that the inhabitants do not know work as a necessity. They have no desire to make labor's acquaintance either. It is a pitiful picture of a people placed in a paradise endeavoring to make it a very hell on earth.—*Pittsburg Dispatch.*

May be Postponed to 1893.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The special House sub-committee on the World's Fair held another conference with the visiting Chicago delegation today and completed the bill which will be presented to the full committee as soon as the chairman can call it together. The principles of the original bill are closely adhered to. The provisions for a National commission composed of two members from each State nominated by the Governors and appointed by the President has been retained, but an amendment has been added providing that the commissioners shall be divided equally between the two political parties.

The President is not to appoint the commission until the Chicago men have raised $5,000,000 outright and have given satisfactory assurance of their ability to supply another $5,000,000. The appropriation of $1,500,000 for the Government exhibit remains as in the original bill. There has been considerable discussion of the advisability of changing the date of the fair to 1893. The Chicago men have stated they are ready to hold the fair in 1892, but they are willing to accept the judgment of the full committee upon the proposition. It is understood the Illinois members of the House, however, feel that in justice to the foreign exhibitors, the time should be extended.

THE engineering and mining Journal of recent date says: "The threatened disaster to the mining interests of Colorado, viz., the closing down of the lead-producing mines of that state, more especially the champion producer, Henrietta and Maid, in consequence of the admission of Mexican fluxing ores, has not yet taken place. We are informed that the fortunate owners of the above-mentioned mine have just been able to make a contract for the delivery of 150 tons of ore a day for one year to the Pueblo smelting and refining company *on better terms than ever obtained before* In spite of the fact that the importation of fluxing ores from Mexico has been again growing in volume since the check given to it by the treasury department." Scarcely a day passed but what the trade restriction gang receive a body blow. East, west, north and south may be found evidence that the protective systemn is a monumental humbug.

Merit Wins.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. For sale at E. James', Ebensburg, and W. W. McAteer, Loretto.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—Minneapolis has twenty-two flour mills and they make nearly 40,000 barrels per day. One makes 7,200 barrels.

—The Linden Steel Works, of Pittsburg, is having a boiler made that will be fifty-six feet high, the largest in the world, it is said.

—Lebanon is to have a novel walking match. Two cripples, one having two crutches, and the other a crutch and a cane, are contesting for a purse and the championship of the county.

—The belle at a recent dog feast on an Indian reservation in Dakota wore a jacket trimmed with teeth from 150 elks, which she herself had slain. She is the granddaughter of the chief of the tribe.

—At Auburn, California, a woman was watching her hens which were scratching in the garden, when she saw them unearth a bright object and try their bills upon it. She took it into the house and it proved to be a chunk of gold worth $57.

—A bridge across Eagle Creek, Oregon, was recently finished by Baker county taxpayers, who paid $2,600 for it. Before it was a week old a drove of cattle were driven upon it, when the whole structure collapsed and 50 animals were drowned.

—Reuben Eisenhart, foreman at Cameron mine, Shomokin, which has been on fire for several days, was overcome by black damp while in the mine Thursday. He was taken out alive, but died soon after. But little progress has been made toward extinguishing the fire.

—To prevent your glass jars from cracking when putting in hot liquid stand a tablespoon up in them. There is a prevailing idea that the process has something to do with electricity, but the true solution is that the spoon absorbs some of the heat, and also carries same of it out into the open air.

—Charles Williams and his twelve-year-old son, living in the suburbs of Galena, Kansas, were found murdered in their bed on Sunday morning. Williams was blind and had lost both arms in a mine accident. A man has been arrested at Prescott, Arkansas, suspected of being the murderer.

—Reports from Maidenereek, near Reading, say that the township is afflicted with an unusual and almost miraculous visitation of rats. They make great havoc with everything exposed to their ravages and their presence is becoming a serious menace to the prosperity of the neighborhood.

—The Government Printing Office is now engaged in filling one of the largest orders in its history. This is for 18,000,000 blanks for the use of the 40,000 enumerators of the eleventh census, who will begin work in May. It will take 15,000 reams of paper and 20 presses will have to be worked 22 hours each day for six weeks before the order will have been completed.

—During a thunder storm on last Tuesday the jail at Moulton, Ala., was struck by lightning and a hole torn in the roof. The jailer neglected to repair the damage, and on Friday night five prisoners made their escape through the opening. They obtained a file somehow, filed out of their cells, and by cutting their blankets into strips lowered themselves to the ground from the roof.

—John Gibney and wife and their 17-year-old servant girl, whose name is not known, were found unconscious from asphyxiation at No. 706 North Seventh street, Philadelphia, on Thursday evening of last week. All three will probably die. Gibney went home about 2 o'clock Thursday morning considerably under the influence of liquor, and it is supposed that on going to bed he turned on the gas, and then accidentally turned it on again.

—A young man, disguised as a woman, and representing himself to be the agent for a corset and ladies' underwear firm, has been canvassing in Bordentown, N. J., for some weeks past. His sex was not discovered until Friday. When threatened with arrest he admitted that he had been making a livelihood in this manner for some time. Ladies in the town from whom he received orders are very indignant about the matter. He left town as soon as discovered.

—A process has already been discovered by which every family can, with but little machinery, manufacture sufficient ice for its own use daily in a few minute's time. The process necessitates the use of a cylinder that is capable of holding a pressure of 1,200 pounds of compressed air to the square inch, but with the use of 700 pounds the temperature of a certain volume of water can be reduced to 30 degrees below zero in half a minute. The machine will cost but a few dollars.

—Smugglers are reaping a rich harvest down near the Canadian frontier. They pursue their unlawful work in houses built on the boundary line, half in Canada and the other half in the United States. Generally these houses contain a tramway, upon which cars, containing contraband goods, can be moved from one country to the other. When United States officers make a raid the cars are pushed over into Canadian territory, and vice versa. The Canadian Government will take measures to prevent a continuance of the fraud.

—Annie Chomo, who was indicted with John Kenderost for the murder of her husband, John Chomo, at Pottstown, last November, committed suicide in her cell on Sunday by hanging herself with a silk handkerchief, which she tied to a bar of the cell door. The keeper's attention was attracted by the cries of her 3-months-old child. Kenderost's trial began on Thursday and he was acquitted Saturday. After his acquittal the woman became very melancholy and before being taken from the court room cried out, "Me hang! me hang!" Shortly before she committed the deed she had her babe in her arms singing to it.

—Miss Rose Regan, a well-known young lady, aged 29, of Wilkesbarre, took a dose of laudanum Thursday morning with the intention of ending her life. Her condition was discovered in time to get some of the poison out of her stomach, but her recovery is doubtful. Some months ago she entered the Malinakrodt convent as a novice. A tendency to consumption, however, led the young lady's family to withdraw her from the institution so that she could have the benefit of home care. For some reason the matter was made the subject of ridicule and scorn by some of her companions. This was kept up so incessantly that in sheer desperation she determined to die and thus rid herself of persecution.

—A terrific explosion occurred on Monday in the Morsa colliery, in Glamorganshire, Wales, which it is feared will be attended with much loss of life. It is now stated that upwards of 300 miners were imprisoned in the Morsa colliery. About 200 have been rescued from the workings nearest the main shaft. Most of them were uninjured, but several were fatally hurt. Owing to later heavy falls of debris the explorers are prevented from penetrating the works, which are pervaded by choke damp. Now and again a body is being brought to the surface, but the work of recovering the corpses is slow. A further fall of debris has completely blocked the [illegible] ed all attempts to rescue miners futile until the ma[illegible] away. The latest estimate puts the number of dead at 160. Eight bodies, horribly mutilated, have been taken out of the Morsa pit. It is rumored that the rescuers have heard appeals for help coming from the entombed men, but the rescuers are unable to push their search because of the gas and flame which confront them.

FOSTER & QUINN,

SUCCESSORS TO GEIS, FOSTER & QUINN,

NO. 315 MAIN STREET, JOHNSTOWN, PENN'A

Call attention to their large and varied assortment of Dress Goods, comprising black and colored Silks, a full line of black Cashmeres, Henriettas, Melrose, Drass d' Alma, Armures and Nuns' Veiling, colored Cashmeres, Henriettas, Serges, Broad Cloths, Albatross, etc. Wash Dress Goods in all styles. Dress Buttons and Trimmings to match Dress Goods, Table Linen, Napkins, Towels and Toweling, Ladies', Misses' and Children's Underwear and Hosiery, Corsets in 25 different styles, Misses' Corsets and Waists, Kid Gloves and Silk Mitts, Table Covers and Lambrequins, Hamburg Lace Flouncing, etc., etc.

GOODS DELIVERED TO R. R. DEPOT

—The citizens of Milton, Iowa, have suffered so much from the ravages of rats that a grand rat hunt was organized. Captains were chosen and they selected sides, each side consisting of one hundred and fifty men and boys over fifteen years old, while boys under fifteen were allowed one cent for their rats. The hunt began Friday, February 21st, and closed on Saturday, March 8th, with a grand street parade and supper, which was paid for by the side showing the least number of rats killed. At some barns as many as 175 were killed, while one man killed about five hundred on his premises. Saturday, March 8th, the rats killed up to that time were counted, and it was found that the total tally was 3,676 and that William Crockett's side was ahead of Dave George's forces by 112 rats.

SILKS!

If you want a handsome, wearable Silk Dress for Spring and Summer, buy the material of us. Samples cheerfully furnished upon request.

SURAHS.

COLORED:

19 inch at 50c a yard.
19 inch at 65c a yard.
20 inch at 75c a yard.
24 inch Standard at $1 00.
24 inch at $1.20.

BLACK:

19 inch at 50 cents.
21 inch at 75 cents.
26 inch at 75 cents.
25 inch at 85 cents.
23 inch at $1.00.
25 inch at $1.00.
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These are the leaders—selected from dozens of grades of Surahs. Also, Gros Grains, Failles, Armures, etc., etc., colored and black, the best values we ever offered.

DRESS GOODS.

Our complete new Spring stock is now complete. This means the grandest array of beautiful goods shown in this country. Goods and prices are all on the buyer's side of the bargain.

Send for samples.

CURTAINS.

Complete new Spring Stock. Write for Curtain Circular.

Our 1890 Spring Catalogue will be ready in March. Send your name and you will receive it.

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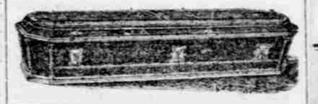
DAILY MEAT MARKET,

Centre Street, Ebensburg, Pa.

The Best Western Cattle Butchered every day. Also, Fresh Lamb, Veal, Mutton, Lard, Etc., always on hand.

Market open at all hours and attentive and obliging salesmen to attend to the wants of customers.

ROBERT EVANS,



UNDERTAKER,

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and dealer in all kinds of FURNITURE,

Ebensburg, Pa.

A full line of Caskets always on hand.

Bodies Embalmed

WHEN REQUIRED.

Apl 30 86

HOTEL FOR RENT.—That well-known hotel stand, known as the Merchants Hotel, situated at Summit, Cambria county, Pa., with eight acres of ground, adjoining will be rented on liberal terms. The house contains thirty-four rooms, bar-room, store-room, ice house, good stable, and all necessary outbuildings. The house will be rented entire or in part. For particulars enquire of the subscriber

JAMES A. GILLAN, Summit, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Francis O'Friel, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Erangea O'Friel, late of Loretto borough, Cambria county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

H. F. O'RIEK,

Executor of Francis O'Friel, deceased.

Loretto, Pa., February 7, 1890.-6t.

PILES SYMPTOMS.—Moisture; Intense Itching and stinging most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors, form and protrude, which are moist and ulcerate, bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. No other remedy can be relied on for a permanent cure. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail for 50 cts. 3 Boxes, $1.25. Address, Dr. SWAYNE & Son, Philadelphia, Pa. Ask your druggist for it.

[illegible] walking horse is best.

CUTWORMS.

[illegible] SEASES in the [illegible] AYNE'S OINTMENT

ABSOLUTELY CURES.

The simple application of DR. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT, without any internal medicine, will cure any case of Tetter, Salt Rheum, Ringworm, Piles, Itch, Sores, Pimples, Erysipelas, &c., no matter how obstinate or long standing. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail for 50 cts. 3 Boxes, $1.25. Address, Dr. SWAYNE & Son, Philadelphia, Pa. Ask your druggist for it.

CANCER and Tumors CURED—no knife. Book free. Drs. GRATIGNY & BUSH, No. 103 Elm St., Cincinnati, O.

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—PRACTICAL—

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER

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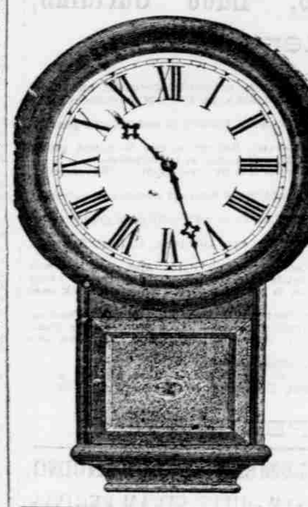

Watches, Clocks

—JEWELRY,—

Silverware, Musical Instruments

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Optical Goods.

Sole Agent

—FOR THE—

Celebrated Rockford WATCHES.

Columbia and Fredonia Watches In Key and Stem Winders.

LARGE SELECTION OF ALL KIND of JEWELRY always on hand.

My line of Jewelry is unsurpassed. Come and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

CARL RIVINIUS

Ebensburg, Nov. 11, 1885-tf.

Eckenrode & Hoppel,

Carrolltown, Penn'a.

Having just returned from the Eastern cities with a full, complete assortment of merchandise, consisting of Dry Goods, Notions, a large stock of Clothing, Overcoats and Gents' Furnishing Goods for Men, Boys and Children, a fine line of Ladies' and Children's Coats and Wraps, including a line of Plush goods, and Boots and Shoes, we claim to lead. Then we have Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Oilcloth, Robes and Horse Blankets not to be excelled anywhere. We are prepared to meet the public wants at the very lowest prices. We will not be undersold and always guarantee satisfaction. Soliciting your patronage and thanking you for past favors we are Respectfully Yours,

ECKENRODE & HOPPEL,

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SPRING CLOTHING

FOR MEN, YOUTHS, BOYS AND CHILDREN.

A. C. YATES & CO.,

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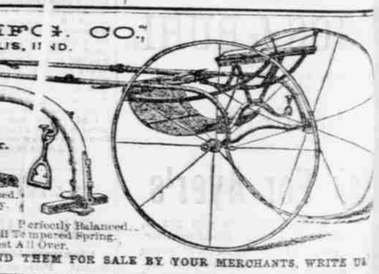

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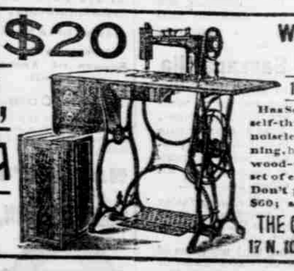
Price, $18.00 at Factory, Cash with Order.

Strictly First-Class. Warranted. All Second-Growth Hickory. Steel Axles and Tires. Low Seat and Arms. Perfectly Balanced. Long, Easy Rolling. Oil Tempered Spring. Best Wheels and Best All Over.

IF YOU CAN'T FIND THEM FOR SALE BY YOUR MERCHANTS, WRITE US

ONLY $20

HIGH ARM, PHILAD'A SINGER.



WARRANTED 5 YEARS.

15 DAYS TRIAL.

Has Self-acting Needle, self-threading shuttle, noiseless and light-running, has the handsomest wood-work, and finest set of extra attachments. Don't pay agents $35 or $60; send for circular.

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TEXAS AND MEXICO

Mild Climate, Summer Breezes, pure Air, Ancient Ruins, Grand Scenery, LESS THAN 4 DAYS St. Louis to the City of Mexico.

IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE

Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars with only one change via Laredo, Eagle Pass or El Paso. Winter Tourist Tickets at very low rates for sale at all Principal Coupon Stations in U. S. and Canada with privilege of visiting the Famous Hot Springs of Arkansas.

W. H. C. TOWNSEND, G. P. & T. AGT., ST. LOUIS, MO.

"Some lives are like Horse Shoes the more worn the brighter." Busy wives who use SAPOLIO never seem to grow old. Try a cake.

A complete wreck of domestic happiness has often resulted from badly washed dishes, from an unclean kitchen, or from trifles which seemed light as air. But by these things a man often judges of his wife's devotion to her family, and charges her with general neglect when he finds her careless in these particulars. Many a home owes a large part of its thrifty neatness and its consequent happiness to SAPOLIO.

Grocers often substitute cheaper goods for SAPOLIO, to make better profit. Send back such articles and insist on having just what you ordered.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, - - MARCH 14, 1890.

THE Republic in Brazil seems to be on a very uncertain foundation.

A citizen of Indianapolis recently called at the White house. "Mr. Harrison can't be seen to-day," he was told. "I suspected as much," was his answer. "He has grown too small."

THE Republicans in Congress, under the guidance of Speaker Reed are establishing some very bad precedents for the Democrats to follow when our turn comes. They will make some frightful grimaces when they have to swallow their own medicine.

EX-CONGRESSMAN W. P TAULBEE, of Kentucky, who was shot in the head by Charles E. Kincaid, at Washington on Friday, February 28th, died at the hospital in Washington on Tuesday last. Kincaid who was out on bail was re-arrested and is now in prison.

APPEARANCES indicate that the United States, leading England, will become in 1890 the greatest iron-producing country in the world. The "pig" produced in 1889 was above eight and a half million tons, an increase of nearly a million and a quarter tons over the previous year, and the largest product we ever had. Pennsylvania is still the first iron-producing State, with Ohio second and Alabama third.

ROBERT G. BLAINE, brother of Secretary Blaine, who has for some years had the office of a curator of the Department of Agriculture, has been appointed by Secretary Rusk superintendent of the quarantine stations under the bureau of animal industry. The principal duties attached to his new position is that of drawing the salary, which it is said Mr. Blaine can do with as much ability as any other man in the United States. It runs in the family.

THE Republican organization, says the Chicago *Herald* includes within it the fanatics, bigots and extremists of the communities, the Pharisees, who are of the I-am-holier-than-thou class, and who, when in the church, are intolerant and disposed to persecute all who differ from them. They are the descendants, in moral lines, of the men who hung Quakers and Babtists and witches, and who to-day, if they had the power, would employ the fagot, the halter and the lash to extirpate Democrats and to crush out any other thing which dared to differ from them.

THE fate of the Panama Canal shows that, although money is the first requisite in engineering works, there are other requisites. It is almost impossible to say what the ultimate fate, of the Panama project will be, but it is quite possible that the Commission now sent out to examine the canal as far as it is made, and to report on the feasibility of its completion, may advise that the original design might be realized, and it is just possible that France might raise the necessary money; but, considering that the preliminary work of the Nicaragua Canal is now well in hand, it does not appear likely.

AMONG the 927 immigrants who landed at Castle Garden on Tuesday from the North German Lloyd steamship Elder were at least 600 swarthy, lusty-limbed Hungarians, whose destination; according to their own testimony, and, what is more conclusive, their railroad tickets, is the Pennsylvania coal mines in the neighborhood of Pittsburg. The Government inspectors were unable to find out whether any of the Hungarian horde came here under contract, although there is little doubt in the minds of those who are familiar with the landing of immigrants that such is the fact.

A COLUMBUS (O.) despatch says that on Monday evening Senator John A. Buchanan, of New Philadelphia, introduced a bill in the State Senate to elect Presidential electors by Congress districts. Should such a law be enacted, and it should not be declared unconstitutional, the Democrats of Ohio would, under the recent apportionment of the State, surely elect fifteen of the twenty-three Presidential electors in 1892. Following are the main points of the bill: "There shall be two electors for President and Vice President chosen at large by the voters of the State of Ohio, and the two persons who are candidates for said offices having the highest number of votes shall be declared elected. There shall be one elector for President and Vice President chosen by the voters in each Congress district of Ohio as defined by law, and the person who is a candidate for said office receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared elected."

HON. ROBERT P. PORTER, Superintendent of the Census, says that the present will be the quickest census ever taken. "This," he said, "is no disparagement to the work of Superintendent Walker in the census of 1880, for I have the benefit of all his methods and experiences. Within twenty days I shall commence searching the records of every county in the United States for the statistics upon home, farm and property mortgages, which Congress made a special fea ure of the present census. The census must be taken between June 1 and 30. So far our organization is as nearly perfect as it can be made. It now rests entirely with the supervisors of districts to carry out their instructions, and I see no reason why their work should not all be done in the time alloted. In regard to the statistics I believe that within twenty days after the completion of the taking of the census—that is, the latter part of July—we shall be able to give almost absolutely accurate statistics in most of the departments.

THE owners of the silver mines in the West want the Government to keep up the price of silver by buying up a large amount every month and holding it. On the same principle it would be a good idea for the Government to buy up all the surplus wheat, corn and other farm products, thereby preventing the price from going down and maintaining a fixed price for all the marketable produce of a large class of its best citizens. The farmers are now taxed to keep up the miners and manufacturers and why not tax the miners and manufacturers to keep up the farmers. Then, working on the same theory, if the Government would give a bounty to every consumer it would equalize taxation and make us all rich. But for some reason protection does not work on general principles and the more you examine into it the worse it appears. To protect one class you must rob many, and when you attempt to apply protection's benificent principles to the masses who deserve protection you cannot do it for the reason that some class must be robbed, and to attempt to rob the few for the benefit of the many, the few would soon fail, and there would be none left to steal from. The farmers are too numerous for the Government to undertake to raise them with a bottle and as a consequence, are weaned early and left to take care of themselves. They have submitted long and patiently to the protection theory but they will eventually learn that they can be robbed in other ways than that of being knocked down with a club and having their pocket books taken.

A MOVEMENT is on foot among the Republicans of Pennsylvania to form an anti-Quay combine, force the boss to weaken on Delamater, his gubernatorial candidate and withdraw him from the field. Quay has the Republican forces in the State well in hand and can nominate Delamater if he wishes, but there are signs of a storm a brewing and he may be compelled to haul in his sails before the storm breaks. It is rumored that Calvin Wells, of the Philadelphia *Press* and George W. Childs, of the Philadelphia *Ledger*, along with other influential Republicans in that city are ready to revolt against Quay's domineering dictation, while all over the State are to be found signs of an under current of hostility to any longer wearing the Quay collar. In the western part of the State, a number of prominent members of the party are out openly against the nomination of Delamater on account of his subserviency to Quay, claiming that his nomination will be a disgrace to the party and lead to its certain downfall. It is daily growing more evident that the Republican party in Pennsylvania, is on the verge of a family fight and that the only prospect for maintaining peace lies in the possibility of forcing Quay to pull off Delamater as a candidate and leave the party free to make a nomination. Such an event would be a great relief to Messrs. Barker and Swank, the delegates from this county, who at present cannot let go to spit on their hands and are constantly admonished that their grip is slipping.

THE process of unseating Democratic members of Congress and putting Republicans not elected in their places, says the Harrisburg *Patriot*, goes merily on. It will not be long before the Republican majority of eight will be trebled.

The case of Featherstone vs. Cate, from Arkansas, is the last one of these outrageous performances. The testimony taken in the case did not sustain the allegations of intimidation and fraud made by the contestant. Not a scintilla of evidence was there to show that the return of Cate ought not to stand. A ballot box which he used to suppress votes was brought before the committee, but there was no evidence that it had been used at the election. The case of the contestant was so flimsy that four Republican members voted against ordering the previous question. The majority for Cate, Democrat, was 1,348, but if it had been 13,348 a Congress which has the gall to follow a political hound like Thomas B. Reed would not have hesitated to unseat him.

It is a very pretty crop, indeed, that the present Republican leaders are sowing. It will spring up and bear fruit, in good time, never fear! The whirligig of politics always has its revenge.

SOME very notable figures have been compiled by the *Financial Chronicle* showing the general results of the operations of the railroads of the country in 1889. Reports have been received from 154 roads, operating 12,046 miles, whose earnings aggregated $856,478,510 and net $288,273,682. This is a gain of $42,865,020 in gross over 1888, more than three quarters of which was net gain. In other words, the improvement in gross earnings was 5½ per cent, while in net it was over 12½ per cent.

This generally favorable exhibit for 1889 is supplemented by reports for January, 1890, which are equally encouraging and gratifying. Reports from 154 roads for that month show over 13 per cent. gain in gross earnings over the correspondings month of 1889. The reports for February are likewise surprisingly good. For the first week, 86, roads showed a gain of over 13 per cent., for the second week 84 roads gained over 11 per cent., and for the third week 51 roads increased over 15½ per cent—the largest percentage of any week of the year thus far.

THE *Engineering News* says that the work of railway extension during the coming season promises more activity than in any year since 1887. The summary of the various enterprises shows 5,138 miles of railway partially completed or in process of construction, 7,041 miles surveyed or under survey, and 2,831 miles of line not yet surveyed, but whose projectors are pushing them with such energy that the prospect seems fair for the beginning of active work before the close of the year, this makes a total of 14,910 miles of lines in the United States which have a prospect of being completed or placed under construction before the close of the year.

Coming Home to Roost.

The Republicans of the house—at least that portion of them who don't believe in log rolling and pork barrels—had an object lesson the other day of the big avenue and easy-going ways Speaker Reed's new rules open to the public treasury. It was in the public buildings loot, and there are said to be $35,000,000 in the pot. Cannon and Peters, two members of the committee on appropriations, protested vehemently, but five jobs, appropriating a million and a half, went through despite their opposition. The combination of members who want 140 new buildings was too strong. Mr. Cannon is on the commitee on rules, and was one of the loudest supporters of Speaker Reed's theory of counting a quorum. He was the first to take the floor to sustain his dictatorial rulings before there were any rules and a leader in defending the quorum rule and the rule against dilatory motions when they were reported, but he seemed on Thursday, when the public building pork barrel was opened, to think he was back under the old system with the judicial gavel of speaker Carlisle to secure him his rights as a member. When one of the worst bills was reached he moved to adjourn—a purely dilatory motion, which the Democrats were quick to characterize as such, with a keen enjoyment of the ludicrous attitude in which the Republican leader found himself. The vote on the bill showed no quorum voting. Mr. Cannon raised the point of "no quorum," but the speaker cooly counted a quorum and Mr. Cannon was helpless.

This public building combine is one of a number that are so strong that they can only be successfully reached under the methods of the old rules, requiring a quorum to appear on the record. Many members who are opposed to the log rolling have not the courage for local reasons to vote openly against the wasteful appropriations, especially as they could accomplish their purpose by refraining from voting. But the public building "combine" is very strong, and the new rules are admirably framed to carry out Mr. Reed's theory that "the object of a parliamentary body is action, and not stoppage of action." The House has not made much progress in general legislation, because it has been engaged in seating contestants in the place of Democratic members, but the whirr of the wheels of the legislative machinery in grinding out appropriations for local purposes and class interests is becoming so deafening that it is alarming even some of those who set it it in motion.—*Pittsburg Post.*

Gambling in Ice.

The condition of the ice crop in the upper Hudson River region is a matter of serious concern to dealers who have already made their contracts, at extremely high figures, with producers on the Kennebec and elsewhere in the East.

Cheap ice from northern New York means disaster to a great many speculators who have proceeded in the belief that March would be as open a month as was January or February.

The ice in Lake Champlain, for instance, is from nine to fifteen inches thick. The *Press and Knickerbocker* reports that within two weeks fifty-seven new ice houses, and as many more ice stacks, have been built at the lake, report in detail ice housed or stacked or contracted for amounting altogether to from eight hundred thousand to a million tons.

The lake and neighboring ponds are a scene of feverish activity just now. Politicians and farmers and clergymen are competing for the ice harvest, and everybody else who has a dollar to invest is putting it into frozen water.

The temperature of the week that begins (Monday) will make or unmake a great many fortunes.—*N. Y. Sun.*

Would Embarrass Harrison.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., March 10.—At the convention to-day of the State pension association Harrison and the Republican pension policy were roundly denounced. Colonel Tom Bennett of Richmond was particularly severe upon the administration's backwardness in passing a service pension law. He related how he had introduced resolutions at a Republican Convention, and how Secretary Halford had beseeched him to withdraw them, as they would embarrass Harrison's campaign for the Chicago nomination. He concluded by saying he would not hesitate now, if he had the opportunity, to embarrass Mr. Harrison's administration. He concluded by saying: "I hope this administration will give us justice. If not, we will give it justice."

A. P. Powers, treasurer of the association and an old dyed-in-the-wool Republican, was also very outspoken. He said Indiana was getting more individual pensions than any other State, but it was because the State was close. "A mere trick of the administration," he said. "We are tired of this d—fool policy."

Walked in Her Sleep.

Miss Mary Case, an opera singer, living at No. 21 Great Jones street New York, is a somnambulist, and that fact was brought home to her in a startling manner early on Tuesday morning by Policeman Stuart of West Thirtieth street station. While on post, shortly before daybreak he saw an uncanny looking figure, clothed in white, standing at the ladies entrance to the Fifth Avenue Hotel. At first the thought of "ghost" flashed across his mind, but in going nearer he discovered Miss Case, clad only in a nightdress. The woman stared so vacantly that he knew she was asleep, so he touched her on the shoulder and asked what business she had there.

Miss Case awakened with a start, and on seeing her predicament fell at the policeman's feet. Then she became rational and accompanied him to the station. There she was given proper clothing, and told the Sergeant she remembered nothing since retiring to her own room the night before. Afterward she was escorted to her residence.

A Terrible Power.

"THE Speaker counted a quorum and the bill was passed." What bill? Not a political bill; not a party measure. But the bill in question was for an appropriation from the public treasury. It was the entering wedge, the sharp edge to open the way for extravagances which now foot up $1,610,000,000 of appropriations in sight, with a train behind it which no man can estimate. In the hundreds of millions sought for by grasping interests lurks a terrible temptation for the Speaker who can count a quorum.—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

King Humbert's cable despatch to Brazil announcing the death of the Duke d' Aosta cost $2 784.

A Safe Investment.

Is one which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from our advertised Druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used, for any affection of Throat, Lungs or Chest, such as Consumption, Inflammation of Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, Croup, etc., etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe, and can always be depended upon. Trial bottles free at E. James', Ebensburg, and W. W. McAteer, Loretto.

A Brief Record of a Great Conspiracy.

Montana, at its initial State election, chose a Democratic Governor and Legislature as returned by the officials of the various localities immediately after the voting.

When it was discovered that the Senate was equally divided, a plot was contrived to convert the Democratic majority in the House into a Republican majority, in order to secure two Republican United States Senators. The son of the President and other Republicans influential with the Federal Administration were among the early abettors of this scheme, the method of which was to change the representation of a county by throwing out the vote of a strongly Democratic precinct.

The attempt to impeach the correctness of the returns in the Tunnel Precinct of Silver Bow County failed so utterly as, in truth, to establish the opposite of the Republican pretense and to prove that the vote was correctly counted as honestly cast. This was judicially established in a case tried in the new State Court, in which, notwithstanding the Republicans' expectation that the decision would be in their favor through partisan bias, a local official was sustained in place on the ground that the Democratic vote of Silver Bow—the same by which the Legislators were chosen—was in all respects legitimate and accurate. In point of fact no one seriously pretends that the Republicans carried the county or that the voters of Montana did not choose a Democratic majority for the popular branch of the Legislature.

The Republicans who ask admittance to the United States Senate as from Montana, notwithstanding the certification of the Governor that they have no just or legal claim, rest their case absolutely upon the assertion of the patent falsehood that the Legislature was Republican on joint ballot. These pretensions have no other foundation whatever than this notorious and judicially branded falsification.

In the face of this record, and without consideration of the suggestion that the matter be tested by another vote at the election of this year, the Republican majority of the Committee on Privileges and Elections has voted to award the two seats for the State to the fradulent Republican claimants. The Committee guilty of this unmitigated outrage against law, truth, justice and popular rights is appropriately headed by Hoar of Massachusetts, the inventor of the Great National Gerrymander. The question is whether there are enough fair, clear minded and honest Republican Senators to antagonize and defeat this disgraceful recommendation.—*N. Y. Star.*

Hayti in hot Water.

Sooner or later the Haytian Republic will be in trouble again. The war which ended a few month ago in the victory of Hippolyte did not mend the abuses which have made Hayti an arena for revolutions since the end of the last century. The only hope apparently for Hayti is that she may pass into the hands of some strong Government able and willing to rule with justice and for Hayti's real interests. That the Haytian blacks are unable to govern themselves has been proven very clearly since they began to try to do so.

This is not entirely the fault of the African population, who are descended from the slaves imported by the Spaniards at the opening of the sixteenth century, to take the place of the two million of aborigines whom Columbus found there and civilization wiped out of existence. Hayti's history tells of nothing but the cruelty, rapacity and senselessness of the Spaniards, French and English, who in turn held the island. It was simply a haven for adventurers until the colored population, inspired by the French Revolution threw off the bonds of slavery. In 1804 Hayti was for the first time an independent State, a privilege gained after much bloodshed. Republic, kingdoms dictatorships and every variety of form of government, have flourished in Hayti for longer or shorter, principally shorter, periods during the last ninety years. Most of the rulers have met violent ends, the assassin's knife is still a great deal more powerful there than the ballot box. Hippolyte stands very little chance of escaping the fate of most of his predecessors. The Haytians are content to take a revolution when it comes as a natural product of their luxuriant land. Nature is so bounteous in that tropical region that the inhabitants do not know work as a necessity. They have no desire to make labor's acquaintance either. It is a pitiful picture of a people placed in a paradise endeavoring to make it a very hell on earth.—*Pittsburg Dispatch.*

May be Postponed to 1893.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—The special House sub-committee on the World's Fair held another conference with the visiting Chicago delegation today and completed the bill which will be presented to the full committee as soon as the chairman can call it together. The principles of the original bill are closely adhered to. The provisions for a National commission composed of two members from each State nominated by the Governors and appointed by the President has been retained, but an amendment has been added providing that the commissioners shall be divided equally between the two political parties.

The President is not to appoint the commission until the Chicago men have raised $5,000,000 outright and have given satisfactory assurance of their ability to supply another $5,000,000. The appropriation of $1,500,000 for the Government exhibit remains as in the original bill. There has been considerable discussion of the advisability of changing the date of the fair to 1893. The Chicago men have stated they are ready to hold the fair in 1892, but they are willing to accept the judgment of the full committee upon the proposition. It is understood the Illinois members of the House, however, feel that in justice to the foreign exhibitors, the time should be extended.

THE engineering and mining Journal of recent date says: "The threatened disaster to the mining interests of Colorado, viz., the closing down of the lead-producing mines of that state, more especially the champion producer, Harrietta and Maid, in consequence of the admission of Mexican fluxing ores, has not yet taken place. We are informed that the fortunate owners of the above-mentioned mine have just been able to make a contract for the delivery of 150 tons of ore a day for one year to the Pueblo smelting and refining company *on better terms than ever obtained before* in spite of the fact that the importation of fluxing ores from Mexico has been again growing in volume since the check given to it by the treasury department." Scarcely a day passed but what the trade restriction gang receive a body blow. East, west, north and south may be found evidence that the protective system is a monumental humbug.

Merit Wins.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr. King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity purely on their merits. For sale at E. James', Ebensburg, and W. W. McAteer, Loretto.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—Minneapolis has twenty-two flour mills and they make nearly 40,000 barrels per day. One makes 7,200 barrels.

—The Linden Steel Works, of Pittsburg, is having a boiler made that will be fifty-six feet high, the largest in the world, it is said.

—Lebanon is to have a novel walking match. Two cripples, one having two crutches, and the other a crutch and a cane, are contesting for a purse and the championship of the county.

—The belle at a recent dog feast on an Indian reservation in Dakota wore a jacket trimmed with teeth from 150 elks, which she herself had slain. She is the granddaughter of the chief of the tribe.

—At Auburn, California, a woman was watching her hens which were scratching in the garden, when she saw them unearth a bright object and try their bills upon it. She took it into the house and it proved to be a chunk of gold worth $57.

—A bridge across Eagle Creek, Oregon, was recently finished by Baker county taxpayers, who paid $2,600 for it. Before it was a week old a drove of cattle were driven upon it, when the whole structure collapsed and 50 animals were drowned.

—Reuben Eisenhart, foreman at Cameron mine, Shomokin, which has been on fire for several days, was overcome by black damp while in the mine Thursday. He was taken out alive, but died soon after. But little progress has been made toward extinguishing the fire.

—To prevent your glass jars from cracking when putting in hot liquid stand a tablespoon up in them. There is a prevailing idea that the process has something to do with electricity, but the true solution is that the spoon absorbs some of the heat, and also carries some of it out into the open air.

—Charles Williams and his twelve-year-old son, living in the suburbs of Galena, Kansas, were found murdered in their bed on Sunday morning. Williams was blind and had lost both arms in a mine accident. A man has been arrested at Prescott, Arkansas, suspected of being the murderer.

—Reports from Maidencreek, near Reading, say that the township is afflicted with an unusual and almost miraculous visitation of rats. They make great havoc with everything exposed to their ravages and their presence is becoming a serious menace to the prosperity of the neighborhood.

—The Government Printing Office is now engaged in filling one of the largest orders in its history. This is for 18,000,000 blanks for the use of the 40,000 enumerators of the eleventh census, who will begin work in May. It will take 15,000 reams of paper and 20 presses will have to be worked 22 hours each day for six weeks before the order will have been completed.

—During a thunder storm on last Tuesday the jail at Moulton, Ala., was struck by lightning and a hole torn in the roof. The jailer neglected to repair the damage, and on Friday night five prisoners made their escape through the opening. They obtained a file somehow, filed out of their cells, and by cutting their blankets into strips lowered themselves to the ground from the roof.

—John Gibney and wife and their 17-year-old servant girl, whose name is not known, were found unconscious from asphyxiation at No. 706 North Seventh street, Philadelphia, on Thursday evening of last week. All three will probably die. Gibney went home about 2 o'clock Thursday morning considerably under the influence of liquor, and it is supposed that on going to bed he turned on the gas, and then accidentally turned it on again.

—A young man, disguised as a woman, and representing himself to be the agent for a corset and ladies' underwear firm, has been canvassing in Bordentown, N. J., for some weeks past. His sex was not discovered until Friday. When threatened with arrest he admitted that he had been making a livelihood in this manner for some time. Ladies in the town from whom he received orders are very indignant about the matter. He left town as soon as discovered.

—A process has already been discovered by which every family can, with but little machinery, manufacture sufficient ice for its own use daily in a few minute's time. The process necessitates the use of a cylinder that is capable of holding a pressure of 1,200 pounds of compressed air to the square inch, but with the use of 700 pounds the temperature of a certain volume of water can be reduced to 30 degrees below zero in half a minute. The machine will cost but a few dollars.

—Smugglers are reaping a rich harvest down near the Canadian frontier. They pursue their unlawful work in houses built on the boundary line, half in Canada and the other half in the United States. Generally these houses contain a tramway upon which cars, containing contraband goods, can be moved from one country to the other. When United States officers make a raid the cars are pushed over into Canadian territory, and vice versa. The Canadian Government will take measures to prevent a continuance of the fraud.

—Annie Chomo, who was indicted with John Kenderost for the murder of her husband, John Chomo, at Pottstown, last November, committed suicide in her cell on Sunday by hanging herself with a silk handkerchief, which she tied to a bar of the cell door. The keeper's attention was attracted by the cries of her 3-months-old child. Kenderost's trial began on Thursday and he was acquitted Saturday. After his acquittal the woman became very melancholy and before being taken from the court room cried out, "Me hang! me hang!" Shortly before she committed the deed she had her babe in her arms singing to it.

—Miss Rose Regan, a well-known young lady, aged 28, of Wilkesbarre, took a dose of laudanum Thursday morning with the intention of ending her life. Her condition was discovered in time to get some of the poison out of her stomach, but her recovery is doubtful. Some months ago she entered the Malinekrodt convent as a novice. A tendency to consumption, however, led the young lady's family to withdraw her from the institution so that she could have the benefit of home care. For some reason the matter was made the subject of ridicule and scorn by some of her companions. This was kept up so incessantly that in sheer desperation she determined to die and thus rid herself of persecution.

—A terrific explosion occurred on Monday in the Morsa colliery, in Glamorganshire, Wales, which it is feared will be attended with much loss of life. It is now stated that upwards of 300 miners were imprisoned in the Morsa colliery. About 200 have been rescued from the workings nearest the main shaft. Most of them were uninjured, but several were fatally hurt. Owing to later heavy falls of debris the explorers are prevented from penetrating the works, which are pervaded by choke damp. Now and again a body is being brought to the surface, but the work of recovering the corpses is slow. A further fall of debris has completely blocked the pit and rendered all attempts to rescue the imprisoned miners futile until the mass can be cleared away. The latest estimate places the number of dead at 160. Eight bodies, horribly mutilated, have been taken out of the Morsa pit. It is rumored that the rescuers have heard appeals for help coming from the entombed men, but the rescuers are unable to push their search because of the gas and flame which confront them.

FOSTER & QUINN,

SUCCESSORS TO GEIS, FOSTER & QUINN,

NO. 315 MAIN STREET, JOHNSTOWN, PENN'A.

Call attention to their large and varied assortment of Dress Goods, comprising black and colored Silks, a full line of black Cashmeres, Henriettas, Melrose, Drass d' Alma, Armmes and Nuns' Veilings, colored Cashmeres, Henriettas, Serges, Broad Cloths, Albatross, etc. Wash Dress Goods in all styles. Dress Buttons and Trimmings to match Dress Goods, Table Linen, Napkins, Towels and Toweling, Ladies', Misses' and Children's Underwear and Hosiery, Corsets in 25 different styles, Misses' Corsets and Waists, Kid Gloves and Silk Mitts, Table Covers and Lambrequins, Hamburg Lace Flouncing, etc., etc.

GOODS DELIVERED TO R. R. DEPOT

—The citizens of Milton, Iowa, have suffered so much from the ravages of rats that a grand rat hunt was organized. Captains were chosen and they selected sides, each side consisting of one hundred and fifty men and boys over fifteen years old, while boys under fifteen were allowed one cent for their rats. The hunt began Friday, February 21st, and closed on Saturday, March 8th, with a grand street parade and supper, which was paid for by the side showing the least number of rats killed. At some barns as many as 175 were killed, while one man killed about five hundred on his premises. Saturday, March 8th, the rats killed up to that time were counted, and it was found that the total tally was 3,676 and that William Crockett's side was ahead of Dave George's forces by 112 rats.

SILKS!

If you want a handsome, wearable Silk Dress for Spring and Summer, buy the material of us. Samples cheerfully furnished upon request.

SURAHS.

COLORED:

19 inch at 50c a yard.
19 inch at 65c a yard.
20 inch at 75c a yard.
24 inch Standard at $1.00.
24 inch at $1.20.

BLACK:

19 inch at 50 cents.
21 inch at 75 cents.
26 inch at 75 cents.
25 inch at 85 cents.
23 inch at $1.00.
25 inch at $1.00.
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These are the leaders—selected from dozens of grades of Surahs. Also, Gros Grains, Failles, Armures, etc., etc., colored and black, the best values we ever offered.

DRESS GOODS.

Our complete new Spring stock is now complete. This means the grandest array of beautiful goods shown in this country. Goods and prices are all on the buyer's side of the bargain.

Send for samples.

CURTAINS.

Complete new Spring Stock. Write for Curtain Circular.

Our 1890 Spring Catalogue will be ready in March. Send your name and you will receive it.

JOS. HORNE & CO.,

609-621 PENN AVE.,

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BLAIR & SON'S

DAILY MEAT MARKET,

Centre Street, Ebensburg, Pa.

The Best Western Cattle Butchered every day. Also, Fresh Lamb, Veal, Mutton, Lard, Etc., always on hand.

Market open at all hours and attentive and obliging salesmen to attend to the wants of customers.

ROBERT EVANS,

UNDERTAKER,

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and dealer in all kinds of FURNITURE,

Ebensburg, Pa.

A full line of Caskets always on hand.

Bodies Embalmed

WHEN REQUIRED.

Apr 30 86

HOTEL FOR RENT.—That well-known hotel stand, known as the Merchants Hotel, situated at Summit, Cambria county, Pa., with eight acres of ground, adjoining will be rented on liberal terms. The house contains thirty-four rooms, bar-room, store-room, ice house, good stable, and all necessary outbuildings. The house will be rented entire or in part. For particulars enquire of the subscriber

JAMES A. GILLAN, Summit, Pa.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Francis O'Friel, deceased.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Francis O'Friel, late of Loretto Borough, Cambria county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

H. F. O'FRIEL,

Executor of Francis O'Friel, deceased.

Loretto, Pa., February 7 1890.-6t.

PILES SYMPTOMS.—Moisture; intense, stinging and stinging most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue moisture, form and form large, pro-trude, bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. SWAYNE'S OINTMENT stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulcerations, and in most cases removes the tumors. Sufferers from this terrible disease should not rest until they procure a box. Price, 50 cts., by mail, 75 cts. Address for circulars, SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia, Pa.

SKIN DISEASES SWAYNE'S OINTMENT

ABSOLUTELY CURES. The simple application of "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT" without any internal medicine, will cure any case of Tetter, Salt Rheum, Ringworm, Pilla-itch, Sores, Pimples, Erysipelas, &c., no matter how obstinate or long standing. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail for 50 cts. 3 Boxes, $1.25. Address, Dr. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia, Pa. Ask your druggist for it.

CANCER and Tumors CURED: no knife. Book free. DRS. GRATIGNY & BUSH, No. 163 Elm St., Cincinnati, O.

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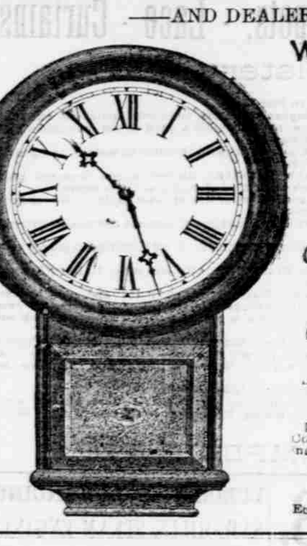
My line of Jewelry is unsurpassed. Come and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere.

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

CARL RIVINIUS.

Ebensburg, Nov. 13, 1885-tf.



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Carrolltown, Penn'a.

Having just returned from the Eastern cities with a full, complete assortment of merchandise, consisting of Dry Goods, Notions, a large stock of Clothing, Overcoats and Gents' Furnishing Goods for Men, Boys and Children, a fine line of Ladies' and Children's Coats and Wraps, including a line of Plush goods, and Boots and Shoes, we claim to lead. Then we have Hardware, Queensware, Glassware, Oilcloth, Robes and Horse Blankets not to be excelled anywhere. We are prepared to meet the public wants at the lowest prices. We will not be undersold and always guarantee satisfaction. Soliciting your patronage and thanking you for favors we are

Respectfully Yours,

ECKENRODE & HOPPEL,

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SPRING CLOTHING

FOR MEN, YOUTHS, BOYS AND CHILDREN.

A. C. YATES & CO.,

LEDGER BUILDING,

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PHILADELPHIA.

PARRY MFG. CO.,

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

No. 7½.

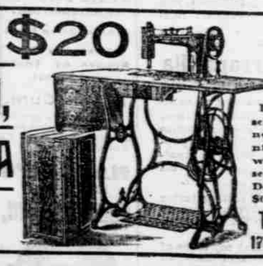
Price, $18.00 at Factory. Cash with Order.

Strictly First-Class. Warranted. All Second Growth Hickory. Steel Axles and Tires. Low Bent Steel Arms. Perfectly Balanced. Long, Easy Riding. Oil Tempered Spring. Best Wheels and Best All Over.

IF YOU CAN'T FIND THEM FOR SALE BY YOUR MERCHANTS, WRITE US

ONLY $20

HIGH ARM, PHILAD'A SINGER.



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15 DAYS TRIAL.

Has Self-setting Needle, self-threading shuttle, noiseless and light-running, has the handsome wood-work, and first set of extras without charge. Don't pay agents $100 or $60; send for circular.

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17 N. 10th St., Phila., Pa.

WINTER RESORTS

TEXAS AND MEXICO

Mild Climate, Summer Breeze, pure Air, Absolutely Safe Routes, Grand Scenery, LESS THAN 4 DAYS St. LOUIS to the CITY of MEXICO via

IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE

Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars with only one change via Laredo, Eagle Pass or El Paso. Winter Tourist Tickets at very low rates for sale at all Principal Coupon Stations in U. S. and Canada with privilege of visiting the Famous Hot Springs of Arkansas.

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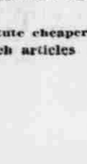
"Some lives are like Horse shoes the more worn—the brighter." Busy wives who use SAPOLIO never seem to grow old. Try a cake."



A complete wreck of domestic happiness has often resulted from badly washed dishes, from an unclean kitchen, or from trifles which seemed light as air. But by these things a man often judges of his wife's devotion to her family, and charges her with general neglect when he finds her careless in these particulars. Many a home owes a large part of its thrifty neatness and its consequent happiness to SAPOLIO.

Grocers often substitute cheaper goods for SAPOLIO, to make better profit. Send back such articles and insist on having just what you ordered.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

FRIDAY, - MARCH 14, 1890.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

—Monday next is St. Patrick's Day.

—Notice of appeals is published in another column.

—The house painters are getting ready for a busy spring campaign.

—The days now increase in length at the rate of three minutes per day.

—Wild geese passed over town on their flight southward on Wednesday.

—Mr. Albert Eckenrode, of Cresson, paid the FREEMAN office a visit on Tuesday.

—The wheat crop throughout the county is reported to be in a fine condition.

—Mr. Joseph Hogue, of Allegheny township, was a caller at our office on Wednesday.

—Miss Flo Driggs has returned home from New York, Kane, and other places in the East.

—H. C. Roberts, formerly of this place, now residing at Wilmore, was in town this week.

—Rev. Father Bush, of Loretto, has been transferred to the pastorate of St. John's church, Altoona.

—John Mannion, one of Susquehanna township's best citizens, was in town during the present week.

—The time for holding the next Argument Court has been fixed for Monday the 14th of April next.

—Richard Tibbott, of the West ward, on Tuesday last, captured six young foxes in the woods near town.

—E. G. Kerr, Esq., of this place, spent a few days in Indiana last week attending to some personal business.

—Mrs. Dr. Lemmon, of this place, tripped and fell in her house on Sunday last and injured one of her arms.

—A new county, to be composed of parts of Armstrong, Westmoreland, Allegheny and Butler counties, is talked of.

—Mr. John Devlin, of Johnstown, dropped in to see us on Tuesday, while in attendance at court, doing duty as a juror.

—Joseph F. Cooper, executor of Patrick Donovan, deceased, offers a lot of valuable real estate for sale in another column.

—Captain Morgan McDonald and Mr. Ed Shields, two well-known business men of Loretto, were in town on Wednesday.

—FOR RENT.—The room on second floor over my store room on High Street. For terms apply to EDWARD GRIFFITH.

—A movement is on foot among the people of the northern portion of Cambria township to have a postoffice established at Evans' mill.

—Rupture cure guaranteed by Dr. J. R. Mayer, 831 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. Ease at once, no operation or delay from business, attested by thousands of cures after others fail.

—The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has decided to heat all its passenger cars next season by steam. It will cost $250 000 to introduce the steam heat into the 1 200 cars it runs.

—A Mifflin county man recently killed a weasel which measured twenty-one inches in length and was as white as snow, with the exception of the end of its tail which was jet black.

—The Pennsylvania Ice Company, limited, of Altoona, has closed the contract with the Arctic Ice Machine Manufacturing Company, of Cleveland, for a twenty-five ton ice machine.

—Joseph Shoemaker, son of J. A. Shoemaker, of this place, who has been attending school at Mt. St. Mary's, Emmitsburg, Maryland, returned home on Tuesday, on account of illness.

—A six-year-old daughter of James Shearer, at Blairsville, Pa., was burned to death on Sunday afternoon. The little one's clothing took fire from a grate while her mother was absent.

—John Fitzharris, of Johnstown, who at one time was a resident of Ebensburg, when he was landlord of the Crawford House, now the Central, was in town during the present week as a juror.

—McDonald, of Loretto, Pa., will, from the present date until April 1st close out a lot of notions, dress goods, ladies' and children's shoes, men's boots, etc., at actual cost for spot cash or trade.

—Fences cannot be adorned with business signs without the consent of the owner. A case in point was reported last week wherein a man in an adjoining county paid $25 for this ignorance of the law.

—John S. Redmyer, a prominent coal operator at Tatesville, Redford county, jumped from a seventy-five foot high trestle at Huntingdon on Saturday to avoid a coming train, and was instantly killed.

—William Nicholson was brought to jail from Johnstown, on Tuesday last, charged with stealing $25 and a silver watch from Mrs. Studeny with whom he boarded, and a coat and vest from a fellow boarder.

—We have a speedy and positive Cure for Catarrh, Diphtheria, Canker Mouth, and Headache, in Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. A Nasal Injector free with each bottle. Use it if you desire health and sweet breath.

—At a meeting of the Lancaster County Agricultural Society on Monday reports were read showing that the fruit crop in that section has been practically destroyed by the late frosts. There will, it is said, be no early fruit.

—W. S. Campbell, of Gallitzin, a brakeman on the Pennsylvania Railroad, had his left hand mashed on Sunday night while trying to make a coupling at South Fork. He was taken to the Cambria Hospital at Johnstown for treatment.

—Mrs. Alice, wife of Nicholas Freidhoff, of Munster township, died at her home on Saturday last, aged about 28 years. Her death resulted from pneumonia, superinduced by la grippe. Her remains were interred at Loretto on Tuesday.

—A. McDonald, at Loretto, Pa., intends removing to Cresson, on or about April 1st., and offers his store room and dwelling attached for sale or rent. The hotel property adjoining known as the Mrs. J. B. Myers property, will also be for sale or rent.

—Judge McPherson, of Lebanon, has decided that Constables elected in February, 1889, were elected for three years. His opinion has been concurred in by President Judge Simonton, of Harrisburg. Judges Patterson and Livingston, of Lancaster, have decided the other way.

—About 12 o'clock Saturday night an explosion of natural gas in the heating stove in the residence of Charles Anthony, in Johnstown, set fire to the building, which with all its contents, was consumed. The loss to Mr. Anthony over and above the insurance will aggregate $1,200.

—A case in the report of Court proceedings of last week is that of the Commonwealth vs. P. S. Leonard, assault and battery with intent to commit a rape, the decision not taken. In justice to a very worthy citizen it is but right to state that P. S. Leonard of Gallitzin, is not the defendant in the case.

—Rose Simon's store, at Gallitzin, is at all times thronged with customers eager to take on to the many bargains to be found there. Go when you will you find his store crowded with purchasers who are saving money for themselves by buying their goods at the cheapest house in Central Pennsylvania. Go and see for yourselves.

—Postmaster Baumer of Johnstown, spent a few hours in town on Thursday.

—Messrs. Frank and Stoddard Driggs, have leased the Ebensburg Steam Flouring Mill.

—Ex-Sheriff Blair, who has been ill for several weeks, is still confined to his house, but is on a fair way to recovery.

—Maggie, daughter of James White, of Blacklick township, died at the residence of her father on Friday last from consumption, aged 17 years.

—Mr. Samuel Reed, of Blacklick township, is lying seriously ill, being afflicted with cancer in the stomach. There are very little hopes for his recovery.

—Hon. Samuel Calvin, an old an prominent member of the Blair county Bar, died at his home in Hollidaysburg, on Wednesday morning in the 79th year of his age.

—John Joseph Wherry, the oldest son of the late James Wherry, of Ebensburg, died in the Altoona Hospital, from dropsy, on Wednesday morning, aged about 29 years. The deceased was a brother of James Wherry, of this place.

—On Tuesday night of last week, the store of Gus. Simon in Gallitzin, was entered by burglars and a large amount of valuable goods carried off. Edward Collins and James Nolan were arrested at Latrobe the next day on suspicion of being implicated in the robbery.

—E. G. Kerr, Esq., will offer at public sale, at his residence in Ebensburg, on Saturday, March 29, 1890, at one o'clock P. M., a large lot of household, kitchen, and office furniture. Persons wanting bargains should make it suit to attend the sale as it is Mr. Kerr's intention to remove to Indiana, and the property must be sold.

—The Altoona Natural Gas Company while drilling on the St. Vincent Abbey farm, near Latrobe, on Saturday last, struck a vein with a pressure of 250 pounds. It is free from salt water and is pronounced a number one well. The stockholders are jubilant over the strike and expect to realize handsomely from their venture.

—Nearly all the people in Ebensburg having ice houses, have succeeded, during the recent cold snap in having them filled, although the quality is not so good as that harvested in previous years. A number of cars loaded with ice were also shipped, but the rain on Monday night put an end to work, which up to that time was kept up day and night.

—Cyrus Elder, Esq., of Johnstown, was in Pittsburgh on Monday, and a reporter for the *Dispatch*, of that city, says: "Mr. Elder does not think that the delegates to the Republican State Convention will bolt Delamater as reported. Cambria being a minority county, he said, is also a machine county and the delegates will vote as the machine dictates."

—Mr R. E Jones, of this place, who is working at Reynoldsville, Pa., and his brother, David E. Jones, of the latter place, were in town a few days during the past and present week, being called hither by the death of their sister, Miss Margaret Jones, who died at the residence of her brother, Jonathan Jones, in Cambria township, on Thursday last, aged about 60 years. Her remains were interred in Lloyd cemetery on Saturday.

—Among the political announcements this week appears the name of John Kirby as a candidate for County Commissioner. Mr. Kirby is a well-known citizen of Johnstown borough, who has been twice honored by the Democracy by an election to the office of County Commissioner and is urged again by his many friends to serve them in the same capacity. We have differed with the present board of Commissioners on several occasions but at all times have found Mr. Kirby a courteous and obliging official.

—The Johnstown *Tribune* goes into exstacies over the prospect of Cambria county having to take charge of Somerset county's prisoners while that county is building a new jail. The *Tribune*, with Stewart Springer in mind, rushes in with a guarantee that the prisoners will be "turned over" when wanted. The *Tribune's* guarantee is, however, useless to the people of Somerset county as their Commissioners, with no faith in the guarantee, have made arrangements to keep their prisoners in the Indiana county jail.

—A most distressing accident occurred at Bradenville on Saturday evening. The little six-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Shearer, of that place, was playing in the room and came in contact with the fire in the grate. Her clothing took fire and, no one being in the room to render assistance, the little girl was burned so terrible that, after suffering the most horrid agonies for an hour, death came to her relief. Her screams brought assistance, but too late, and it was with difficulty that the house was saved from the flames.—*Greensburg Record.*

—About two years ago, Miss Ressie Strittmatter lost a gold dollar which her father, Mr. Andrew Strittmatter, of Carroll township, had presen'ed to her as a Christmas gift. In December last Ressie's brother, Andrew, saw a hawk kill a chicken and shot at it with a rifle, but missed it, and the body of the chicken was left undisturbed. On Saturday, while engaged in playing ball, the ball rolled to the spot where the carcass of fowl had decayed, and there, lying in the midst of the bones and feathers, Andrew saw his sister's lost Christmas gift. The dollar piece had evidently been in the chicken's craw when the hawk killed it. Miss Strittmatter is an inmate of St. Mary's Convent, Pittsburgh.—*Carrolltown News.*

—Mrs. Elizabeth Davis, an old lady who lives west of Cresson, started to walk on Wednesday morning from near the station to her home on the railroad, accompanied by Thomas Dodson, a relative. When near Heiman's curve they stepped out of the way of a passing freight train in front of Day Express east. Dodson succeeded in getting out of the way but Mrs. Davis was struck by the locomotive, thrown from the track several feet in the air, falling out of the way of the train. She was picked up and taken on the train to Altoona and then conveyed to the hospital, where, on an examination of her injuries being made, it was found that her left arm was broken at the elbow and that her back was severely hurt. At last accounts she was resting comfortably, but owing to her age; about seventy, her recovery is doubtful.

—J. Wilkinson & Son, marble and granite dealers of Ebensburg, Pa., wish to inform the public that they are prepared to fill all orders for cemetery work, in either marble or granite, at figures that defy competition. The artistic excellence and superior workmanship of their designs are evidenced by the many specimens now on exhibition at their establishment and by the numberless designs which they have erected in the various cemeteries in this county and elsewhere. Every department of their business is in the hands of skillful and competent workmen, who are capable of executing any piece of work, from the plainest to the most elaborate, which together with the personal supervision that every job receives is a guarantee that perfect satisfaction will be given to the most exacting of patrons. They have ordered forty tons of marble which will arrive in March and April, and they will then have as fine a stock of the best marble that ever came to Western Pennsylvania. Persons wishing anything in their line would do well to give them a call before leaving their order with any other manufacturer, as you can depend upon getting a good job at a fair price.

Court Proceedings.

The following cases were disposed of after our report in last week's FREEMAN.

Commonwealth vs. Charles Barnhart. Larceny. Defendant plead guilty. Sentenced to imprisonment in the penitentiary for one year and three months.

Commonwealth vs. Frank McMahan. Selling liquor without license. Defendant plead guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $500 and costs and sent to jail for three months.

Commonwealth vs. Mrs. Mary Farrell. Aggravated assault and battery. Jury find defendant guilty.

Commonwealth vs. James Farrar. Resisting an officer. A *nolle prosequi* was entered on payment of costs by defendant.

Commonwealth vs. Patrick O'Connell. Assault and battery. Defendant plead guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Henry Von Alt and Ellen Aubry. Open lewdness. Ignored by the grand jury.

Commonwealth vs. Henry Speicher. Larceny. Defendant plead guilty. Sent to jail for ten days.

Commonwealth vs. Mark Headly. Resisting an officer. Defendant plead guilty and was fined ten dollars and costs.

Commonwealth vs. Bertram Simon. Assault and battery. Jury find defendant guilty.

Commonwealth vs. Harry L. George. Fornication and bastardy. Jury find defendant guilty. The usual sentence was imposed.

Commonwealth vs. Patrick Dougherty. Assault and battery. Defendant plead guilty and was sentenced to pay a fine of $5 and costs.

Commonwealth vs. John Skulk. Assault and battery. Defendant plead guilty. Sent to jail for twenty days.

Commonwealth vs. William Peters. Keeping a gambling house. Jury find defendant not guilty but that he pay the costs.

Commonwealth vs. Frank Kinney. Aggravated assault and battery. A *nolle prosequi* was entered.

Commonwealth vs. Andrew Urbanitz, arraigned for the murder of Albert Digle, was taken up on Saturday morning, when the defendant plead guilty. In order to determine the degree of guilt some testimony was heard by the court, which was concluded at noon, but Judge Johnston reserved his decision until Monday when he fixed the crime as murder in the second degree and sentenced Urbanitz to a term of five years in the Western Penitentiary.

Commonwealth vs. Thomas Brown. Embezzlement. Continued.

SECOND WEEK.

The following named persons who were convicted last week were sentenced on Monday: Patrick Carroll, assault and battery, was sentenced to a term of three months in jail; Augustine Fresh, assault and battery, a like term in jail; George Jones, James Edwards, John Tracy, Frank Beamish and Michael Hohan, for larceny, were each sent to jail for three months; Mrs. Mary Farrel, aggravated assault and battery, was sent to jail for three months.

John C. Martin vs. Neil McGlade. Feigned issue. Continued.

Charles B. Ellis vs. Hugh Greenwood. Judgment opened. Plaintiff becomes non suit.

B. F. Horner vs. Henry Barnhart. Replevin. Continued by consent.

Executors of Joseph Miller vs. Edward McGlade et al. Scire Facias. Jury find for plaintiff the sum of $300.

Oscar L. Pringle vs. Margaret A. Pringle. Executrix. Assumpsit. Continued at costs of defendant.

Use Wm. A. Gray vs. Gray & Weyland. Assumpsit. Not regularly on the list.

Nell McKay vs. Joseph A. Anderson. Judgment opened. Continued.

Thomas H. Greevy vs. Geo. M. Reade. Assumpsit. Continued by consent.

E. B. Cresswell vs. Mary Cole. Replevin. Continued at cost of defendant.

Anton Klein vs. J. M. Elliott. Judgment opened. Continued at costs of defendant.

A. S. Morrow, Trustee, et al. vs. Thomas E. Plunkett, jr. Appeal. Settled.

R. N. Gallie vs. C. H. Humbert et al. Sci. Fa. sur. M. L. Plaintiff becomes non suit.

J. B. Gallie vs. C. H. Humbert et al. Sci. Fa. sur. M. L. Plaintiff becomes non suit.

E. Deemer & Co. vs. C. Guyer, Trustee. Feigned issue. Jury find for plaintiff.

James M. Young vs. Johnson Steel Street Rail Co. Trespass. Jury called and sworn when after hearing the testimony the Court declared a compulsory non suit.

D. McLaughlin vs. John Rourke. Appeal. Jury find for the defendant.

Sureba Makin vs. Samuel Shank et al. Appeal. Jury find for the plaintiff the sum of $8.75.

Communicated.

CARROLLTOWN, PA., March 11, 1890.

Editor Freeman:

DEAR SIR.—I see a communication in last week's issue of the Carrolltown *News* signed by a a "masked" man, supposed to reside in Ebensburg; but it matters little whether he resides in Ebensburg or Carrolltown. I, as one of the Auditors of the Cambria County Agricultural Association do not think worth while to answer it, but will sugest that any member of the Association who may suspicion that the auditors' statement is incorrect, in any particular, can see an itemized account of the auditors' settlement in the hands of Mr. P. J. Dietrick, Treasurer, with all vouchers preserved for inspection. No man with a "mask" or assumed name should be taken into account, and no member of the Association who actually finds a wrong, should be ashamed to sign his proper name to a communication. No respectable newspaper editor will allow false assertions to be printed when the facts can be so easily ascertained.

Yours, etc.,

T. S. WILLIAMS, Auditor.

The Shopping Mart of Pittsburgh.

Attention is called to the ad. ertisement of Campbell & Dick in our paper to-day. This firm are proprietors of The People's Store, the largest and most complete establishment in Pittsburgh. As the name indicates, they are of the people and for the people. They speak of Carpets, Lace Curtains, etc., in this special announcement, but for a general line of shopping necessities no other store in this section offers wider scope or greater inducements, both as to the immensity and variety of departments, whilst their prices are known far and wide to be the lowest in the land. They maintain a large and well conducted mail order department, and goods ordered by sample will be found entirely satisfactory. General Dry Goods, Dress Goods, Silks, Suits and Wraps, Trimmings, Notions, Underwear, Gents' Furnishings, House Linens, Millinery, Boys' Clothing, and many other departments are incorporated. Don't fail to visit them or communicate by mail. Goods warranted to be as represented or no sale.

FOR SALE OR RENT.—The subscriber will sell at private sale his farm, one mile south of Ebensburg. If not sold before the first of March the farm will be for rent.

JAMES MYERS.

—P. J. Harr, the oldest conductor in point of service on the Pennsylvania Railroad, died at his home in Latrobe Monday night. Mr. Harr was about fifty-three years of age and had been a conductor on the Pennsylvania Railroad continuously for over twenty-five years. The direct cause of his death was consumption, although he had been confined to his home but a short time.

Barr and Blacklick Items.

MARCH 8, 1890.

Editor Freeman.—I herewith send you a few items thinking they may be of interest to some of your many readers.

The few day's sleighing that we had here was welcome to everybody.

Miss Mary Shaller, who lost all her relatives in the Johnstown flood, is staying at the residence of Rev. Father Constantine, at Nicktown.

Mr. Henry Duman and Joseph Priser, of Blacklick township, lately purchased a new steam saw mill and have it now in full operation.

Mr. John Reddinger has removed his steam saw mill from the Springer tract in Blacklick to the Lieb tract in Barr township.

Mr Frank Springer, who has been working in Elk county, is on a visit to his home in Nicktown.

Mr. Stephen Kirsch, who is a citizen of Harrisburg, is visiting the old homestead at Nicktown.

The well-known complaint, "la grippe," has been getting in its work here and hopes are entertained that it may soon disappear and never return.

Mr. John Peters, who, for some time past, has been working at Johnstown, has returned home to Nicktown.

Mr. Joseph Miller and sons are busily engaged clearing off a place to erect a steam saw mill, purchased by Mr. Isaiah Brown.

Mr. Samuel Long is kept at home with a severe attack of rheumatism.

Mr. John Kilten is busily engaged in cutting the hemlock timber lately purchased from Mr. Joseph Rehr, in Barr township.

Mrs. Frances Long, who was visiting her daughter, Mrs. Brown, during the present week, has returned home. MISS A.

An April Trip to Washington via Pennsylvania Railroad.

On April 3d the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will offer a most desirable opportunity of visiting Washington. It is a period of the year when the handsome city wears its most attractive aspect, and it is also a time when the Government departments are busiest. Excursion tickets, valid for ten days and bearing stop over privilege in Baltimore, in either direction, will be sold from Pittsburgh at $10, and at correspondingly low rates from the stations mentioned below.

A special train of parlor cars and day coaches will leave Pittsburg at 8.00 A. M., but those who prefer to start in the evening may take the trains leaving at 7.15 or 8.10 P. M.

The following are the rates and schedule of special train:—

	Rate.	Train leaves.
Johnstown	$ 7 35	10 13 A. M.
Cresson	7 35	11 02 "
Altoona	7 35	11 50 "

Those who care to make flying side trips farther South may purchase at Washington reduced rate excursion tickets to Mt. Vernon, Richmond, Petersburg, or Old Point Comfort.

Return coupons will be accepted on any train within the limit, except the Pennsylvania Limited.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. Sold at the drug store of E. James, Ebensburg, and W. W. McAteer, Loretto.

School Report.

The following is the report of the Ashville school for the month ending March 7.

	Boys.	Girls.	Total.
Attendance	26	32	58
Average	23	27	49
Percent	83	87	85

The following named pupils were perfect in attendance: Eva Litzinger, May Fisher, Abbie Mansfield, Esther Delozier, Frances Monahan, Jennie Abernethy, Wrenda Abernethy, Laura Wills, Gertie Myers, Frank Monahan, Ollie Gill, Clyde Kratzer, Richard Storm, John Burgoon, Oscar Gill, Joseph Monahan, John Eckenrode, John Donoughe, Andrew Cole. Those who missed only one day: Carrie Mobley, Cora Myers, Katie Myers, Bessie Mobley, Gertrude Wills, Rose Delozier, Mary Trexler, Larry Gill, George Myers, and Robert Wills. The pupils are preparing for a concert at the close of school.

Perhaps

no local disease has puzzled and baffled the medical profession more than nasal catarrh. While not immediately fatal it is among the most distressing and disgusting ills the flesh is heir to, and the records show very few or no cases of a radical cure of chronic catarrh by any or the multitude of modes of treatment until the introduction of Ely's Cream Balm a few years ago. The success of this preparation has been most gratifying and surprising.

MARRIAGE LICENSES ISSUED.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Wednesday, March 12, 1890:

William E Ream and Katie Dick, Franklin.

Eben L. Clement, Monroe, Maine, and Malinda Collerbaugh, Paint township, Somerset county, Pa.

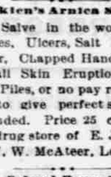
John Roy, Warren, Pa., and Mary Stewart Gemmill, Johnstown.

CLOVER SEED FOR SALE.—Twenty nine bushels clean clover seed; crop of '89; big clover. Address Aug. E. Farabaugh, Loretto, Pa.

Consumption Surely Cured.

TO THE EDITOR:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above-named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their Express and P. O. address. Respectfully, T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

The powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test short weight, alum or phosphate powder. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., New York.

CAUTION.—All persons are hereby notified not to negotiate for a note of $75, payable to Johnston, Huck & Co., of Ebensburg, and signed by John W. Dunn and Joseph F. Durbin, but held by one George Rickard, as said note is paid.

JOHN W. DUNN,
JOSEPH F. DURBIN.

Fallen Timber, March 12, 1890.

Political Announcements.

Cards in this column will be inserted from now until the primary elections, on the 7th of June, next, at the following rates: For Assembly, $5.00; For Treasurer, $5.00; For Commissioner, $5.00; For Auditor, $2.00. All cards must be accompanied by the cash.

ASSEMBLY.—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the nomination of the office of Member of the Legislature, subject to the action of the Democratic primary election.

Gallitzin, March 1, 1890. M. FITZHARRIS.

FOR ASSEMBLY.—Ed. T. McNeelis, of Johnstown, Pa., subject to the rules of the Democratic party.

Johnstown, Feb. 26, 1890.

FOR ASSEMBLY.—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for Assembly, subject to the decision of the Democratic primaries.

JACOB ZIMMERMAN.

Johnstown, Feb. 25, 1890.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the nomination to the office of County Treasurer, subject to the rules governing the Democratic party.

PHILIP J. SANDERS.

Munster township, Feb. 27, 1890.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer at the next Democratic primary election, subject to the rules of the Democratic party. HENRY J. HOPPEL.

Barr township, Feb. 10, 1890.

COUNTY TREASURER.—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the nomination to the office of County Treasurer, subject to the rules governing the Democratic party.

C. J. MAYER.

Johnstown, Pa., Feb. 12, 1890.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the nomination of the office of County Commissioner, subject to the action of the Democratic primary election. JOHN KIRBY.

Johnstown, March 10, 1890.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the nomination of County Commissioner, subject to the action of the Democratic primary election.

W. A. LANTZY.

Upper Yoder township, March 3, 1890.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

JOHN BEARER.

Susquehanna township, Feb. 24, 1890.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

PATRICK E. DILLON.

Elder township, Feb. 22, 1890.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.—I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the office of County Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic primary election.

WILLIAM J. TIERNEY.

Cambria township, Feb. 18, 1890.

LICENSE APPLICATIONS.

THE following persons have filed applications for license with the Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions of Cambria county to be presented to said court on

Monday, March 17th, A. D. 1890.

ADAMS TOWNSHIP.—Tavern, Chancy and Henry Ickes.

BARR TOWNSHIP.—Tavern, Harry A. Luther.

ASHVILLE BOROUGH.—Tavern, Annie S. Brookbank, Augustine Daugherty, Richard J. Free, Michael A. O'Hara.

FIRST WARD, CAMBRIA BOR.—Tavern, George Arbaugh, Michael P. Boyle, Patrick Boyle, Christ Egar, John F. Fees, Patrick Green, John Keegan, Thomas Mallorea, Solomon Hartman, Joseph T. Kelly, John Kurtz, Michael Laffey, Hugh McConnell, P. J. McLaughlin, Edward O'Neill, Brewers, Margaret Goetner.

SECOND WARD CAMBRIA BOR.—Tavern, Mary Burkhart, John Burkhard, Augustine Heine, John Lynett, Peter Roth, Peter Toner, Henry Sally, John Sheffauer.

CARROLLTOWN BOR.—Tavern, Julia Binder, B. A. Blum, C. A. Farbaugh, John Glasser, Joseph A. Gray, A. H. Haug, Lawrence Schroth, Wm. C. and Henry G. Schroth, John Stoltz, John D. Thomas. Brewers, B. A. Blum, C. A. Farabaugh, Henry C. Schroth. Wholesale, John J. Hauck, T. S. Williams.

CARROLL TOWNSHIP.—Tavern, Catherine Baker, Calistis Luther, Henry Mellon, Matthew Weakland.

CHEST TOWNSHIP.—Tavern, John R. Cordell, John Hipps, Joseph A. Warner.

CHEST SPRINGS BOR.—Tavern, John Crouse, J. B. Noonan.

CLEARFIELD TOWNSHIP.—Tavern, George Harber, George Sanlsby.

FIRST WARD, CONEMAUGH BOR.—Tavern, Frederick Beuler, John Bischoff, Charles Faber, P. S. Freidhoff, John Gaus, Albert K. Guiselhart, George Held, Philip Sandmaier, John Schonhart, W. H. Troxell.

SECOND WARD, CONEMAUGH BOR.—Tavern, Sarah Cavanaugh, Benjamin Kist, John Murton, William L. Wehn, John Zobel. Brewers, Chas. F. Kress.

CONEMAUGH TOWNSHIP.—Brewers, Lawrence Kost.

CROYLE TOWNSHIP.—Tavern, Peter Brown, Catherine Carpenter, Michael Lamb, Patrick McCall, Harry M. Graffin.

DEAN TOWNSHIP.—Tavern, Anna A. Dunphy, Charles Gauntner, Hugh Hanigan.

EAST CONEMAUGH BOR.—Tavern, Michael J. Cannon, George A. Confer, Margaret Kelly.

EBENSBURG, WEST WARD.—Tavern, John and Albert Bender, J. B. Denny, John S. Miller.

EBENSBURG, EAST WARD.—Tavern, L. Eterline.

ELDER TOWNSHIP.—Tavern, Charles Hasnauer, Jacob Kline, Frank X. Ott, Louis A. Platt.

FRANKLIN BOR.—Tavern, Jacob Schantz.

GALLITZIN BOR.—Tavern, Daniel C. Burk, R. E. Dignan, Charles Dress, Albert F. Fick, Michael Fitzharris, F. P. Giffen, Andrew Goudler, Joseph M. Gunning, Arnold Lentz, Henry Seymore, John A. Smith. Brewers, George Aukenbauer, Bottlers, Thomas W. Burns, D. Lutz & Son, Anthony Padula. Wholesale, Thomas W. Burns, Allen H. Heist, D. Lutz & Son.

GALLITZIN TOWNSHIP.—Tavern, John J. Godfrey, James Hanlan, John A. McGuire. Bottlers, H. D. Reuters. Wholesale, H. D. Reuters.

GRUBBROWS BOR.—Tavern, Catherine Keam.

HASTINGS, BOR.—Tavern, Charles Kinney, Marshall Gilpatrick, Caleb A. Gray, Michael H. Nagle, John A. Parke, John A. Platt, H. J. Schettig, William Townsend, E. M. Woodin. Wholesale, Albert Deitrick.

SECOND WARD, JOHNSTOWN.—Tavern, John M., Coad, Joseph Crouse, Michael Fitzharris, John Frank, Francis E. Kelly, John Kinney, David Kirby, George W. Kough, W. J. O'Donnell, Neal Sharkey, Martin A. Stack. Wholesale, John Rash.

THIRD WARD, JOHNSTOWN.—Tavern, Joseph Beiter, Teresa Clark, Quadish Custer, William Dodson, Joshua Griffith, John J. Hornick, Jacob Kuhn, James Kneeh, James Mains, Sr., Joseph Kost, Robert E. Lambert, Charles Maneaal, James J. Milligan, M. B. Parsons, Stephen Quirk, John V. Shaffer, Benjamin Sulka, Charles Wess. Bottlers, Charles Hofmann, wholesale, P. S. Fisher, Iron City Brewing Co., David J. Lewis, John Ludwig & Son, D. Lutz & Son.

FOURTH WARD, JOHNSTOWN.—Tavern, Ernest Kruger, Henry Koale, Jacob Meier, William M. Peters, Ekehardt Pfeil, Frank P. Weir. Wholesale, Frank M. Dobernack, William Thomas.

SIXTH WARD, JOHNSTOWN.—Tavern, Wm. Shaffer.

SEVENTH WARD, JOHNSTOWN.—Tavern, John B. Gerhardt, Edward Grafe. Brewers, John Emmerling.

LILLY BOR.—Tavern, Jacob Bosk, Geo. Brant, James A. Burke, C. A. George, Margaret Hoffman, John Metzgar, Sarah Mulherron, Blair Short, Theodore Sell.

LORETTO BOR.—Tavern, Florian Bangele, A. J. Christy, Charles F. O'Donnell.

FIRST WARD, MILLVILLE.—Tavern, Thos. D. Broderick, Evan A. James, John J. Maloney, Michael F. Murphy, Owen McCue, William S. O'Brien. Wholesale, Robert Liddell.

SECOND WARD, MILLVILLE.—Tavern, Edward R. Aland, James F. Horner, James Dafley, Bridget Lynch, John Honan, Sr., John Rodgers.

PORTAGE TOWNSHIP.—Tavern, Hugh Canavin, James Dailey, Albert Diehl, Peter James, John J. McDonnell, Neal McGhade, Joseph McGough, Mrs. Rose McGough, Felix Toole. Wholesale, G. U. McDonald.

PROSPECT BOR.—Tavern, Mary Neary, Thomas Riley.

READE TOWNSHIP.—Tavern, Michael Carroll, William Chaplin, Joseph F. Durbin, John McMullen, William Hissick. Wholsale, William Adams.

RICHLAND TOWNSHIP.—Tavern, Theresa Maloie Bernard Nees.

SOUTH FORK BOR.—Tavern, W. W. Baker, Charles N. Crouse, Jacob Watterson.

STONYCREEK TOWNSHIP.—Tavern, John Metzler, George S. Schaefer, John Watkins.

SUSQUEHANNA TOWNSHIP.—Tavern, Simon P. Lantzy, Michael Moiler.

TUNNELHILL BOR.—Tavern, Andrew Basal, Jr., J. A. Fentram, Richard Byrne, John E. Killduff, William McGough. Wholesale, E. J. Punkell.

WASHINGTON TOWNSHIP.—Tavern, John H. Clark, W. R. Dunham, Charles Kinney, Martin Leap, Peter Leap, Dorothy Leap, Patrick Lee, Myers, John McKenna, Hugh O'Donnell, John McNally, Wm. J. Schwaderer. Brewers, Robert J. McNally.

WHITE TOWNSHIP.—Wholesale, W. C. Heverly.

WILMORE BOR.—Tavern, Joseph Horner, Conrad Wendzorth.

UPPER YODER TOWNSHIP.—Tavern, John Fitzharris, Charles Hochstine.

LOWER YODER TOWNSHIP.—Tavern, Jacob Albrecht, Frank Cowan, Michael Conway, Francis Leckey, John Lerditch.

JAMES C. DARBY,
Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions.

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Saw Mills, Shingle Machines, Hay Presses, and Standard Implements generally.

A. B. FARQUAR CO. Limited.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue. Pennsylvania Agricultural Works, YORK, PA.

Feb. 21, 1890.-4t.

NOTICE.—All persons are hereby notified that I have purchased the property of John A. Burgoon, real and personal. All persons are hereby notified not to meddle or interfere with the same.

MRS. KATHERINE BURGOON.

Ashville, Pa., March 3, 1890.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that Joseph F. Magee, of Clearfield township, Cambria county, Pa., by deed of voluntary assignment bearing date the 24th February, 1890, has assigned to Joseph Donahoe, of like residence, in trust for the benefit of the creditors of the said Joseph F. Magee all the estate, real and personal of the said Joseph F. Magee. All persons indebted to the said Joseph F. Magee will make immediate payment to the said assignee and those having claims against him will present the same without delay.

JOSEPH DONAHOE, Assignee.

March 7, 1890.-6t.

Notice of Appeals.

APPEALS will be held on money at interest and other property taxable for State purposes by the County Commissioners, at their office, in Ebensburg, Pa., on the days named below for the respective districts:

ON MONDAY, MARCH 31ST:

Adams, Allegheny, Barr, Blacklick, Cambria, Carroll and Chest townships, the First and Second wards of Cambria Borough, and Ashville, Carrolltown and Chest Springs Boroughs.

ON TUESDAY, APRIL 1ST:

First, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth, Sixth and Seventh wards, Johnstown, and First and Second wards, Millville Borough.

ON WEDNESDAY, APRIL 2ND.

Reade, Richland, Stonycreek, Susquehanna, Washington, White, Upper Yoder and Lower Yoder townships, and South Fork, Wilmore and Woodvale Boroughs.

ON THURSDAY, APRIL 3RD.

Clearfield, Conemaugh Croyle, Dean, East and West Taylor, Elder and Gallitzin townships, First and Second wards, Conemaugh Borough, Coopersdale and East Conemaugh Boroughs.

ON FRIDAY, APRIL 4TH.

East and West Wards, Ebensburg, Franklin, Gallitzin, Grubbtown, Lilly, Loretto, Prospect, and Summerhill Boroughs, and Jackson, Munster, Portage and Summerhill townships.

JOHN KIRBY,
JOHN CAMPBELL,
J. G. LLOYD, } Commissioners.

Attest: D. A. McGOUGIN, Clerk.

March 14, 1890.

Assignee's Sale

—OF VALUABLE—

REAL ESTATE.

BY virtue of an order of sale issuing out of the Court of Common Pleas of Cambria county, the undersigned assignee of John McCormick and Lucinda P. McCormick his wife, will expose to public sale on the premises hereinafter described as No. 1, on

Saturday, Mar. 22, 1890,

at one o'clock, P. M., the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

No. 1. All that certain lot of ground situate in the borough of Wilmore, Cambria county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, that is to say: Fronting thirty (30) feet on Main street and extending back same width to property of Ab. Butler, having lot of Elizabeth Christ

She Did Not Relish Her Grapes.

Many years ago there returned from a tour abroad a young lady of Boston society, who, by dint of a course of study in a Parisian boarding-school of high degree, and of more or less residence among the British aristocracy, to say nothing of a grounding in good Bostonian cultivation before she was taken abroad, had become a thoroughly polished and accomplished young person. This young lady, who afterward became distinguished in Boston society, related an old story of an experience at the Russian court while her father was visiting St. Petersburg. She had had the most remarkable attentions showered upon her at the Russian capitol. She was modest enough to attribute these honors to the fact that she was from the country remotest from Russia, and that Americans were at that time quite a curiosity at the court of the Czar. But her friends, quite rejecting this explanation, credited the preferences that was accorded her to her beauty, vivacity and accomplishments. Whatever it may have been due to, it is certain that at a state dinner given by one of the imperial grand dukes, the American young lady was jumped quite over the heads of all the noble dowagers and miscellaneous duchesses and countesses of the court, and given a seat of honor at the grand duke's left hand. As she sat at dinner, she devoured of all devourers, and as the end of the feast was near, a plate of grapes was brought. They did not appear to be anything remarkable, but the American girl, to whom grapes were certainly no novelty, did them the honor of helping herself to a good big bunch. Then the plate went to the grand duke, who helped himself to—four grapes! And then the fruit was passed on to the princess of high degree, who took three grapes. One or two others helped themselves to two, and the mass of the company at the table had to be content with one grape apiece!

Of course the American girl had realized by this time that grapes were a prodigious rarity in St. Petersburg, and were produced at such a fabulous cost that even royalty contented itself with two or three. But in spite of the cost, she declared that she had never eaten a bunch of grapes which she enjoyed less than she did this one.

The Tramp Who Didn't Come Forth.

It was in an Wisconsin village, and among the men in the office of the inn after supper was over was a man who had just been elected constable. He was naturally anxious to display his vigor as an officer, and so when a boy came in and reported that he had seen a tramp enter an old barn on one of the back streets the constable invited us to go along and see him "jerk thunder," as he put it, out of the wayfarer. Half a dozen of us accompanied him, and when we reached the barn it was to find the interior as black as pitch and no lantern in the crowd. We were for sending for one, but the constable protested.

"There is no occasion for a light. I will call upon him to come out, and he will come."

He stood in the open door, with the crowd behind him, and called in a loud voice:

"Ho! there, you villain; come out and surrender to the law, and don't be over a minute about it, either!"

There was no answer, although all of us heard some one moving about inside.

"In the name of the law I order you to come out!" shouted the constable, but the unknown didn't come.

We again proposed to get a lantern and then all go in to back the officer in collaring the man, but his official dander had now been aroused, and he replied:

"Everybody stand back against the fence! Now, then, I am going in alone, and I forbid any of you to follow!"

He disappeared into the midnight darkness of the interior, and for some time we could trace his progress as he moved about. By and by we heard a grunt, followed by a stifled yell and a fall, and we uttered a hurrah under the impression that he had got his man. We expected him to appear at once, but he did'nt, and after waiting a long five minutes, and shouting to him without receiving a reply, we sent for a lantern and used it to light our way in. We found the constable lying on his back on the floor, his face covered with blood and his nose as big as his fist, and just as we bent over him he opened his eyes and sat up. It was ten minutes later before he could explain that the tramp had struck him a knock-down blow with his fist, and another ten on top of that before he discovered that his watch and wallet and tramp had left the barn by the unguarded back door. When this fact was known it seemed as if he ought to make a speech or something, and he hauled off and kicked a fence board loose and growled:

"Dog gone my skin if I dont sell myself for a yaller jackass."

How to Go to Sleep Properly.

This from a physician: "In these days of innumerable hints for health and comeliness let me tell Beauty how not to go to sleep. Let her take care that it is not with a frown or disconted expression, for such will be apt to leave its imprint during her sleeping hours and contribute just so much to permanent unbecoming lines. As she finds herself sinking into the arms of the drowsy god let her close her mouth easily, allow the eyelids to drop gently but fully over the eyes, and, just as she yields herself to his soothing embrace, summon some pleasant thought that shall set the seal of pleasant content upon her face. She should not lie with her hand under her cheek, a common habit with youthful sleepers, which wrinkles and slightly numbs the skin, and, of course, she should breathe always through the nose."

Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint.

Is it not worth the small price of 75 cents to free yourself of every symptom of these distressing complaints, if you think so call at our store and get a bottle of Sholoh's Vitalizer. Every bottle has a printed guarantee on it, use accordingly, and if is does'nt do you no good it will cost you nothing. Sold by Dr. T. J. Davison.

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IS INDEED A LUXURY

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Old Honesty

COMES AS NEAR BEING A FINE PIECE OF PLUG TOBACCO AS IT IS POSSIBLE TO MAKE IT

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ALLAN'S

PINE NEEDLE

CIGARS & CIGARETTES.

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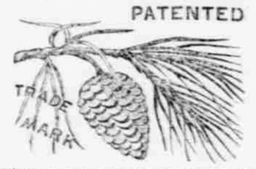

These Goods Contain the Leaves or Needles of the Pine Tree.

Use them for a pleasant smoke and speedy relief for *INFLUENZA, ACUTE AND CHRONIC CATARRH, CLERGYMEN'S SORE THROAT, HAY FEVER, ASTHMA AND ALL BRONCHIAL DISEASES;* they are free from adulteration, as nothing is used in their manufacture but the *BEST OF TOBACCO* and *FRESH PINE NEEDLES.*

MANUFACTURED BY

PINE NEEDLE CIGAR CO.

FREEHOLD, N. J.

Boy—Mother, since I have been using Wolff's *Acme Blacking* my shoes wear longer than ever before, and I never get my feet wet, but I do not think they look as smooth as when I first used it.

Mother—Indeed, my son, I am sorry you are so careless. You forget that even a good thing is only good when properly used. You have not even looked at the directions, for they are yet around the neck of the bottle. Now you must read them, and they will get you out of your trouble. Your father and I keep our shoes in elegant order by its use. I use it about once a month and papa about once a week.

Wolff's ACME Blacking

Is wonderful; preserving and Waterproofing any leather; giving a deep, rich black lustre which lasts a week. *Don't use oftener.* Do not confound ACME Blacking with any other. Sold by Shoe Stores, Grocers, Druggists, &c.

Try it on your Harness.

WOLFF & RANDOLPH, PHILADELPHIA.

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SALESMEN to sell choice Nursery Stock. Liberal Pay Weekly. Will pay salary, but can give something better to workers. No experience needed. Write FRED. E. FOUNT, Nursery man, Rochester, N. Y. A PERMANENT. If you become my agent and sell $160, will give $2 for copy of this ad. Cut this out.

1:Dec. 6, '83.-2m.

Millions of Horses.

The February report of the department of agriculture, which relates to numbers and values of farm animals, shows an increase of population.

The aggregate numbers exceed four-millions. In the cotton States the use of Texas ponies by the tenants still tends to increase numbers and reduce average values. The improvement in the Central States from the blood of Percherons, Cleveland bays and English shires, continues active. Horse ranches in the Rocky Mountains are improving the stock of that region. The increase of numbers in recent years, while prices were tending higher, has caused an ebb in the tide of values, which are nearly everywhere lower than in January. Mules have increased, and are estimated about two and a third millions, held at slightly lower prices than last year. Milch cows make an aggregate of nearly 16,000,000. The increase is general, being shared quite liberally this year by the East and South. Prices, in sympathy with values of other cattle, show a slight decline as compared with those of last year.

The numbers of other cattle continue to increase, while the prices have fallen in still larger ratio during the year.

The numbers, as estimated, exceed thirty-six millions, an increase of between ten and eleven millions since 1880, which is larger than the ratio of numbers to population.

An increase of about four per cent. in numbers of sheep is indicated. The lowest average price was reported in 1880. Improvement has been gradual since with some acceleration during the past year, as a result of greater confidence of growers in holding the American market for wool.

The increase in swine has been in propotion to advance in population. The average price has declined, as is the case of all other kinds of farm animals, sheep alone excepted.

Exercise for Chest Development.

Exercises of strength lead rapidly to an increase in the size of the thorax. It is the same with exercises of speed when they need very energetic movements. No exercise develops the chest as rapidly as does running, unless it be wrestling.

Mountaineers all have large chests, and the Indians who live on the high plateaus of the Cordillera in the Andes have been noted for the extraordinary size of their chests. This great development in mountaineers is due to two causes which act in the same direction; frequent ascent of steep inclines, and constant residence at great heights at which the air is rarefied. The climbing of these slopes needs a great quantity of work, which causes increase of the respiratory need; respiration in a rarefied atmosphere oblige a man to take deeper breaths in order to supplement, by the quantity of air breathed, the insufficiency of its vivifying properties.

Singers, with no other exercise but singing, acquire great respiratory power and a remarkable increase in the dimensions of their chests.

Numerous observations prove that it is enough voluntarily to take a certain number of deep breaths every day, to produce, in a short time, an increse is the circumferences of the chest which may amount to two or three centimetres.

A Wonderful New Gun.

The German press is discussing at length the merits of a new French repeating air rifle called the "miracle gun." The rifle was invented by Paul Giffard, in Paris, the original projector of the Parisan pneumatic post. It is described thus: "The weapon is light, much lighter than any of the army rifles now in use. It resembles the magazine gun in that a steel cartridge about a span and a half long and as thick as a man's thumb, is attached to the one barrel by means of a screw. This cartridge contains 300 shots, which can be discharged as rapidly or slowly as a man desires. Since neither powder nor any other explosive, but comp ressed and liquified air, supplies the expelling force, no smoke and no flash accompany the discharge. Only a short, sharp, low report is heard as the ball leaves the cartridge. At the recent trial the ball traveled with wonderful accuracy and penetrated deep into the wall of the shooting room. As soon as one cartridge is emptied of its 300 shots, another cartridge can be screwed on the gun in the twinkling of an eye. M. Giffard says that the 300 shots in a cartridge can be produced at a cost of about two and a half cents. The gun itself can be manufactured for about $5.

Indian Cradles.

The Ute Indians of Nevada use a flat wicker cradle-frame, kite-shaped or roughly triangular. Over this is stretched a covering of buckskin, and the young Ute is also provided with a sometimes elaborately decorated awning.

The elements of the Moki cradle frame are the floor and the awning. As a foundation a stout stick is bent in shape of the ox yoke bow. Rods of the size of a lead pencil are attached to the curve of this bow and stretched parallel to the limbs. Twigs are closely woven on this warp by regular basketry weaving. An awning is also provided.

The Comanche cradle is the most primitive cradle in the national museum. It is a strip of black bear-skin 30 inches long and 20 wide, doubled together in the form o. a cradle frame. Along the side edges loops of buckskin are made to receive the lacing.

The Sioux Indians are very particular in their baby habitations. It is a frame of two diverging slats painted yellow, held in place at the head and foot by cross slats. The tops of the side pieces project above the cradle, each at least 18 inches, and are studded with brassheaded nails in straight lines. The case is shoe-shaped, and all over the outside is ornamented with bead work. If the infant dies during the time alloted to it for remaining in the cradle, it is buried and the mother fills the empty shell with black quills and feathers and carries it around with her for months.

Spring Disorders

Shattered nerves, tired brain, impure blood, debilitated system, all are the natural outcome in the Spring. A medicine must be used, and nothing equals Paine's Celery Compound. We let others praise us—you cannot help believing a disinterested party.

Brigadier-General W. L. Greenleaf, Burlington, Vt., writes: "I have used Paine's Celery Compound on several occasions, and always with benefit. Last spring, being very much run down and debilitated, I commenced taking it. Two bottles made me feel like a new man. As a general tonic and spring medicine I do not know of its equal."

"I have used two bottles of your Paine's Celery Compound, and it has given entire satisfaction as an appetizer and blood purifier."
T. L. BERNES, Watertown, Dakota.

Paine's Celery Compound

is prescribed by physicians, recommended by druggists, endorsed by ministers, praised by users, and guaranteed by the manufacturers, as a spring medicine which will do all that is claimed for it. Use it this spring, and see how quickly it tones you up.

Purifies the Blood.

Full accounts of wonderful cures made by Paine's Celery Compound after other medicines and the best physicians had failed, sent free. There's nothing like it.

$1.00. Six for $5.00. Druggists.

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Color Anything any Color. Simple, Durable, Economical. IT IS EASY TO DYE WITH DIAMOND DYES 50 Colors. 10 cents each.

DRINK PURE WATER

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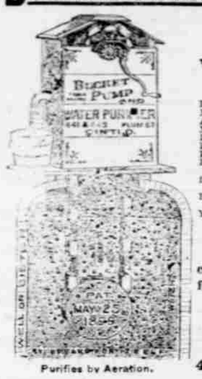

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It will draw ten gallons of water per minute.
Never has to be packed, primed or thawed out.
A ten-year-old boy can draw water with ease from a 40 ft. well.
No iron tubing to rust or taint. No buckets or valves to wear out.
It has no wooden tubing to wear out, decay or pollute the water.
It is the best, most serviceable, as the cheapest, lining of galvanized iron.
It is the cheapest and best device or structure made for raising water.
It can be set up in fifteen minutes, as there is nothing to fasten below the platform.
It will not freeze, having stood the test of a Dakota winter, 25 degrees below zero.
Has no leather, rubber or wood in contact with the water to contaminate it.
You do not have to pump out a pailful of water to get a fresh, cool draft, for every bucket pumped down full of air to the bottom, and fills with cold water as the air escapes.

Price $10 for a ten-foot well or cistern; 50 cents for every additional foot in depth, after 10 feet.

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Ebensburg, July 21, 1882.

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HANDSOME, INDESTRUCTIBLE.

Cheaper than Wood.

The above cut shows Picket Fence with gate. (This is not a netting.) can be used on Iron or Wood Posts. When writing for prices give Quantity, Number of Gates, Double and Single, Wanted. We also Manufacture Heavy Iron Fencing, Cresting, Stable Fittings, Fire Shutters and FIRE ESCAPES, Cellar Doors, and Guards, Brass and Iron Grills, WIRE DOOR AND WINDOW SCREENS, and all kinds of WIRE WORK.

TAYLOR & DEAN,

201, 203 & 205 Market St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Is not a liquid, snuff or powder. Applied into nostrils is quickly absorbed. It cleanses the head. Allays inflammation. Heals the sores. Restores the senses of taste and smell. 50 cents at Druggists; by mail, registered, 60 cents.

ELY BROTHERS, Druggists, Owego, N.Y.

An Eskimo Love Story.

The frozen wastes about the Pole, where the Eskimo live, have their love tradegies, their Romeos and Juliets.

A young seal hunter loved the fair daughter of one of his richest neighbors. She returned his passion, but it was the old story—unalterable opposition on her father's side and the same article on her mother's with the usual feminine improvements thrown.

Between the cake of ice on which the young sealer had erected his hut and the larger floe which was pre-empted by the parents of his sweetheart, the cold had broken an impassible crevice some hundred feet or more in depth and twenty in width. Save for a single jutting fragment just thick enough to bear little more than his own weight, his home was completely cut off from the world about him. This practical isolation inspired him.

He began storing up in his humble quarters oil blubber and other eatables, sufficient for the support of two for at least six months. He had resolved to steal his bride and knew that if he gained his ice floe with her and broke down the bridge they were safe from trouble or pursuit for the winter season, or until the warmer waters of the summer moved the icebergs to closer contact. By that time he hoped the opposition of the parents would give way to pardon and reconciliation.

The Eskimo slept together promiscuously on a raised snowbank on one side of the ingloo or ice house. Encased in their sealskin night bags with the huge protecting hood over the head and face, they are as comfortable as their natures require.

The youth waited outside the girl's home until he felt that all within were asleep. Then creeping through the narrow entrance, he made his way toward his darling. He seized the long bag-like mass in which her fair form was encased, bore it triumphantly across the narrow bridge to his stronghold ere the affrighted elders could pursue him, with his axe had cut down the ice bridge, and was safe.

Not waiting to hear the objurgations of those on the other side of the abyss, he knelt beside the fluttering form of his heart's devotion, sure of a short period of bliss, at least, and anxiously dragged the fur hood to catch a glimpse of her sweet face.

He had stolen his father-in-law.

Sowing Grass seed in the Spring.

One of the principal advantages in seeding grass in the Spring is that the danger of winter killing is largely avoided. While grass plants will stand considerable freezing after they get well established, they are easily killed when young and tender. Grass seed of good quality will remain in the soil for some time without starting to grow when the conditions of germination are unfavorable, and later on, under more favorable conditions they will start up and make a good growth. To say which is the best under all conditions is impossible. In some localities Fall seeding proves the best, and in others Spring seeding has been found to be the best. Again even in the same locality a difference in the season will make considerable difference in the germination of the seed and the growth of the plants. If the seed is sown in the Fall the work should be done sufficiently early to allow the plants an opportunity to get well established before cold weather sets in, and if this from unfavorable weather or other conditions cannot be done the better plan is to defer until Spring.

So far as possible Spring seeding should be done early, for while occasionally late sowing makes a good stand, taking one year with another, the safest plan is to make all the preparations possible ahead and then sow the seed early. In what may be termed a reasonably favorable season grass seed can often be sown in February. Even if it does not germinate at once, the seed will be in the ground ready to germinate and start to grow whenever the weather is sufficiently favorable.

One of the best times to sow grass seed when the soil has been properly prepared in advance is after a light fall of snow. Another good time is when there has been a slight freeze and the soil is thawing out; the weight of the seed will usually be sufficient to bury it deep enough to germinate. If for any reason the seeding is delayed until late usually the better plan will be to cover with a harrow or brush.

Grass and clover should be the first crops seeded in the Spring, and when it can be done, advantage should be taken of the first favorable opportunity for doing the work.

Resting the Land.

It is true sometimes, as illustrated by the fable of the boy who grasped a full handful of nuts in a narrow-necked jar and could not withdraw his hand until he had let go the greater part of them, that men fail in their eager efforts to get too much out of their land. Constant cropping is now commonly advocated as the most useful and profitable method of growing crops. It is a reasonable outgrowth of the present restless pirit of the times which cannot wait for the results with any patience, but tries to gather fruits before they are ripe. To rest the land was a principle of agriculture enforced by Moses, sustained by every ancient writer upon agriculture, and insisted upon by the best farmers until within a score of years ago. Its purpose is to gain strength and renewed fertility for the soil, and its effectiveness has been proved by practice beyond any question. Its effects are to clean the land of parasites gathered during the previous rotation of crops and both animal and vegatable in kind—weeds and insects are both destroyed by it and some troublesome quadrupeds are also got rid of, such as moses, mice, etc. It is a serious question if at this time, when the great burden of agriculture is the too small produce raised on too great space of land, it would not be most profitable to summer fallow a field or two every year and so increase the fertility and productiveness of the soil.

Tutt's Pills

To cure costiveness the medicine must be more than a purgative. To be permanent, it must contain

Tonic, Alterative and Cathartic Properties.

Tutt's Pills possess these qualities in an eminent degree, and

Speedily Restore

to the bowels their natural peristaltic motion, so essential to regularity.

Sold Everywhere.

I CURE FITS!

When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them return again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE. I have made the disease of

FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS,

A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to Cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will cure you. Address

H. G. ROOT, M.C., 183 PEARL ST., NEW YORK

NO MORE OF THIS!

Rubber Shoes unless worn uncomfortably tight, will often slip off the feet. To remedy this evil the

"COLCHESTER" RUBBER CO.

offer a shoe with the inside of the heel lined with rubber. This clings to the shoe and prevents the Rubber from slipping off.

Call for the "Colchester"

"ADHESIVE COUNTERS"

and you can walk, run or jump in them.

FOR MEN ONLY!

VIGOR AND STRENGTH For LOST or FAILING MANHOOD; General and NERVOUS DEBILITY; Weakness of Body and Mind, Effects of Errors or Excesses in Older Young. Robust, Noble-BLOOD fully Restored. How to enlarge and Strengthen Weak, UNDEVELOPED ORGANS & PARTS OF BODY. Absolutely sure. HOME TREATMENT. Benefits in a day. Men testify from all States and Foreign Countries. Write for Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs mailed sealed, free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

GASTON, WESTON & LADD, TORRINGTON, Conn., and 46 Beekman Street, New York. MANUFACTURERS OF GASTON'S PRESTOLINE, PRESTOLINE PASTE, SILVER COMPOUND, ULLMBRIDGE'S OLD ENGLISH POLISH.

Gaston's Prestoline,

THE

WONDERFUL METAL POLISH,

For Cleaning and Polishing

BRASS, COPPER, BRONZE, NICKEL, &c.

It will clean Metals with less labor than any preparation ever produced, giving a brilliant lustre which cannot be equaled, and which will last longer than any polish obtained by other means. Sold by the

HARDWARE AND GROCERY STORES.

CANVASSING AGENTS WANTED.

If You Have

CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, SCROFULA, COUGH or COLD, THROAT AFFECTION, WASTING of FLESH,

Or any Disease where the Throat and Lungs are Inflamed, Lack of Strength or Nerve Power, you can be relieved and Cured by

SCOTT'S EMULSION

OF

PURE COD LIVER OIL

With Hypophosphites.

PALATABLE AS MILK.

Ask for Scott's Emulsion, and let no explanation or solicitation induce you to accept a substitute.

Sold by all Druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N. Y.

NOT DEAD YET!

VALLIE LUTTRINGER,

MANUFACTURER OF

TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE

AND TIN ROOFING,

Respectfully invites the attention of his friends and the public in general to the fact that he is still carrying on business at the old stand opposite the Mountain House, Ebensburg, and is prepared to supply from a large stock, or manufacture to order, any article in his line, from the smallest to the largest, in the best manner and at the lowest living prices.

Mr. No penitentiary work either made or sold at this establishment.

TIN ROOFING a SPECIALTY.

Give me a call and satisfy yourselves as to my work and prices. V. LUTTRINGER.

Ebensburg, April 13, 1883-tf.

C. A. LANGBEIN,

Manufacturer of and Dealer in

ALL KINDS of HARNESS,

SADDLES, BRIDLES, WHIPS,

COLLARS HARNESS OILS, BLANKETS,

Robes, Fly Nets, Curry Combs, etc., etc. Repairing Neatly and Promptly done. All work guaranteed to give satisfaction.

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By sending Agents to the manufactories examining and finding which double the profits on every first class Piano they sell.

PIANOS, $150 to $1500.

ORGANS, $35 to $500.

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TO WEAK MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work; should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address,

Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

Charcoal and Lime.

These two articles play a very important part in the management of [illegible] whether bred in a fancier's yard or a farm. Charcoal should be liberally fed, for no one thing is more conducive to health than is this. It should be broken in small lumps and put where the fowls can get at it, and they will eat it with great relish. We have also fed it to pigs with the very best results, and those which were treated to it were never troubled with disease or sickness, while neighboring ones were. This helps to prove its value, not only to swine, but for fowls. Where birds are kept in confinement it is a very good plan to keep a small [illegible] in a sheltered place full of small bits of charcoal, and the fowls will soon learn to help themselves. The value of lime in the form of whitewash is well known, and those who use it liberally are the ones to keep their flocks healthy and cleanly. To render the whitewash more effective in dislodging, driving away or destroying lice and other parasitic nuisance, the addition of a little carbolic acid is invaluable, for scarcely any thing else seems to be more distasteful to the vermin. Air slacked lime should be scattered over the floor of the chicken-house, to remove unpleasant and unhealthy odors, while a little of it should be scattered around the yards and runs, for material for egg-shells. Oyster-shell lime is best for this purpose.

About Necklaces.

Necklaces in the reign of Charles [illegible] were made in amber set in gold.

Pharaoh put a gold chain about Joseph's neck as a mark of his authority in Egypt.

Among the Tartars of the time of Genghis Khan the necklace was often made of human teeth.

The Southern negroes constantly wear beads necklaces, looking upon them as genuine charms.

In the reign of Henry VIII. anyone who had not £200 per year income could not wear a necklace.

One of the most valuable and coveted possessions of the Western Indian is a necklace of grizzly bear's claws.

The Puritans abolished everything they laid their hands on which savored of ornament.

Thousands of people place necklaces of coral beads around the necks of babies, with the belief that they will assist the children in teething.

When the Saxon dynasty was overthrown by the Normans all persons below a certain rank were forbidden to wear necklaces under heavy penalty.

In South America the natives wear necklaces of a peculiarly marked seed which belongs to a plant growing only on the mountains along the snow line.

Persian Flower Worship.

A recent traveler in India gives the following description of flower worship as practiced by the Persians in Bombay. A true Persian, in flowing robe of [illegible] and on his head a sheepskin hat—black, glossy, curly, the fleece of Karakul—would saunter in and stand and meditate over every flower he saw, and always as if half in vision. And when the vision was fulfilled and the ideal flower he was seeking found, he would spread his mat and sit before it until the setting of the sun, and then fold up his mat again and go home. And the next night, and night after night, until that particular flower faded away, he would return to it and bring his friends in ever-increasing troops to it, and sit and play the guitar or lute before it, and they would all together pray there, and after prayer still sit before it, sipping sherbet and talking the most hilarious and shocking scandal late into the moonlight, 'and so again every evening until the flower died. Sometimes by way of a grand finale the whole company would suddenly arise before the flower and serenade it together with ode from Hafiz and depart.

Give the Farm Credit.

In casting up accounts to know what has made or lost in the year's operations the farmer should in all fairness make a proper credit to the living he has had off his farm and which, were he in any other business, he would be compelled to pay for. His garden has supported him with a large part of the summer's living, and his cellar is now or should be—well stored with potatoes, turnips, beets, carrots, parsnips, onions etc., for winter consumption. If chickens have provided much of the meat and an abundant supply of eggs, while butter, cream and milk have been used without stint and at a rate that would bankrupt an ordinary villager. This should be credited to the farm just as well and as honestly as should the corn, wheat, oats, pigs or steers sold from it, and if this is fairly done a fair idea of the relative advantages of farming and other kinds of business would prevail. A blacksmith or carpenter may get more ready money during the year, but he must take a large part of his earnings to buy these very things which the farmer has in such abundance that he makes no account of them. Credit them fairly to the farm and see how the account stands.

THERE is this difference between those two temporal blessings, health and money—money is the most envied, but the least enjoyed; health is the most enjoyed, but the least envied; and the superiority of the latter is still more obvious when we reflect that the poorest man would not part with health for money, but that the richest would gladly part with all his money for health.

Oh, What a Cough.

Will you heed the warning. The [illegible] perhaps of the sure approach of that most terrible disease, Consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford for the sake of saving 50 cents, to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will Cure your Cough. It never fails. This explains why more than a Million Bottles were sold the past year. It relieves Croup and Whooping Cough at once. Others do not be without it. For Lame Back, Side or Chest use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Soldby Dr. T. J. Davison.